# Real-World Evidence of Association between Autoimmune Diseases

Shah Lab

Observational Health Data Science Weekly Meeting



# Hypothesis

Association amongst diseases seen in medical claims data can guide molecular understanding of diseases

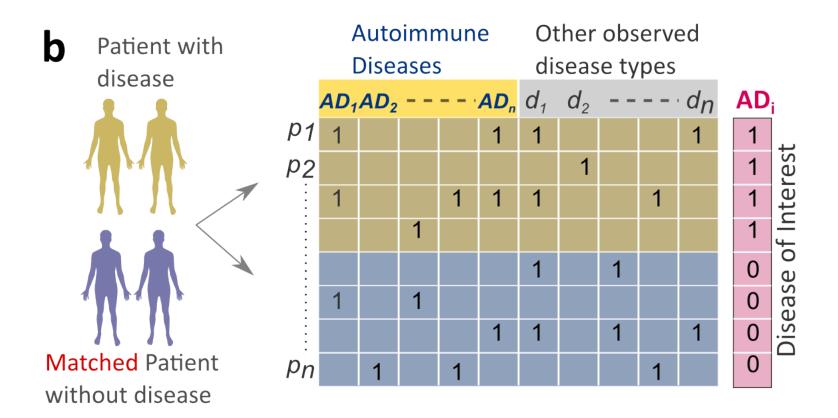
## **Summary of Analysis**

Meta Analysis: each disease across the United States Build Clinical Profiles: each disease, each State across the United States account for heteroginity and improve reproducability Patient with disease Nation-Wide Medical Patient Feature Matrix california Insurance Claims: district of columbia All Observed Diseases over 150 million patients Autoimmune Diseases Other disease types kansas  $AD_1AD_2 - - - \cdot AD_n d_1 d_2 - - - \cdot d_n$ louisiana maine maryland Match minnesota Age|Gender missouri montana Record Length nevada new hampshire Similar patient new mexico without disease south carolina disease-2 disease-n tennessee State 1 virginia washington State 2 west virginia State 50 wisconsin Summary Estimates Understudied: Connected if there is less Association: between autoimmune diseases than 50% chance of association inferred from representing medical practice Systems Immunology: understanding shared genetic signature for informed medical decision making BioPlex: analysis of biophysical interactions at genome scale ImmunoState:analysis of blood Not studied: Connected if gene expression across GEO there is no association inferred from PubMed UKBiobank: genetic correlation and polygenicity Nigam Shah Lab Rohit Vashisht: rohitv@stanford.edu Nigam Shah: nigam@stanford.edu

evidence from Practice of Medicine

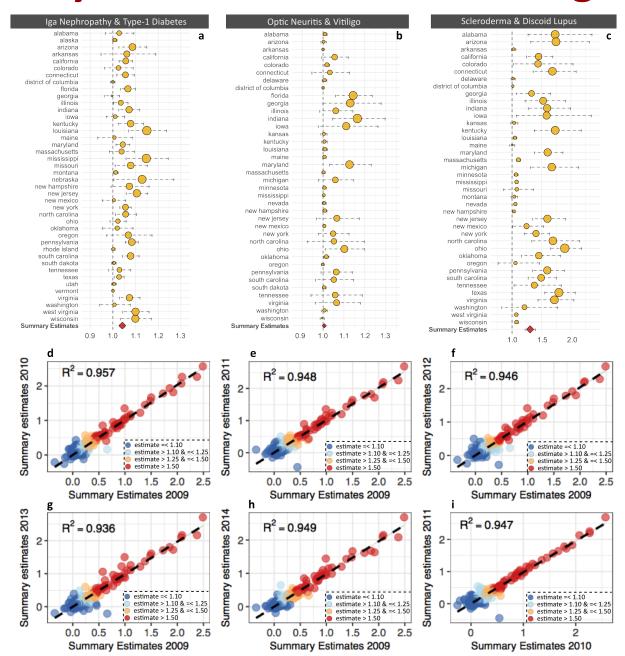
evidence from Science of Medicine

### **Creating a Clinical Profile**



Clinical profile of a disease D is a vector of length i, where each feature is another disease Di and the values are the strength of association between D and Di obtained from a matched cohort of patient with and without disease D.

#### Meta analysis of associations among diseases



Associations seen in practice, but not in Connected if under reported in the literature Medical Claims literature Under-Explored Connected if evidence is strong Medically Connected 140 Disease 52 Understudied Pairs with strong Disease real-world **Pairs** evidence. C Evidence from Literature Connected if not reported in the literature Not-Explored **d** Systems Immunology Analysis • Shared Genetic Signature Biophysical interactions Blood Gene Signatures MultiCohort blood gene expression analysis Genetic correlation & Polygenicity UkBiobank analysis of genome 9 Novel Disease optic neuritis wide associations Pairs

## **Preliminary results**

- We identified 140 pairs of autoimmune diseases that have a strong relation based on nationwide medical claims of over 150 million patients.
- Of the 140 pairs, 52 had very poor evidence of being associated in the literature and 9 pairs have never been studied together based on PubMed.
- For each of the 61 pairs we performed a systematic genome-wide analysis using the UK BioBank and gene expression data from GEO to uncover genetic correlation, polygenicity and co expressed genes underlying a disease pair to understand shared genetic signatures.

#### **Related Work**

- A Non-degenerate code of deleterious variants in Mendelian loci contribute to complex disease risk Blair et al. Cell 2013 Sep26;155(1):70-80
- A dynamic network approach for the study of human phenotypes **Hidalgo et al.** PLoS Comput Biol. 2009 Apr; 5(4):e1000353

#### **Thank You**

lets see a demo before we get to questions

http://autoimmunedb.stanford.edu