

Welcome to OHDSI F2F 2017!

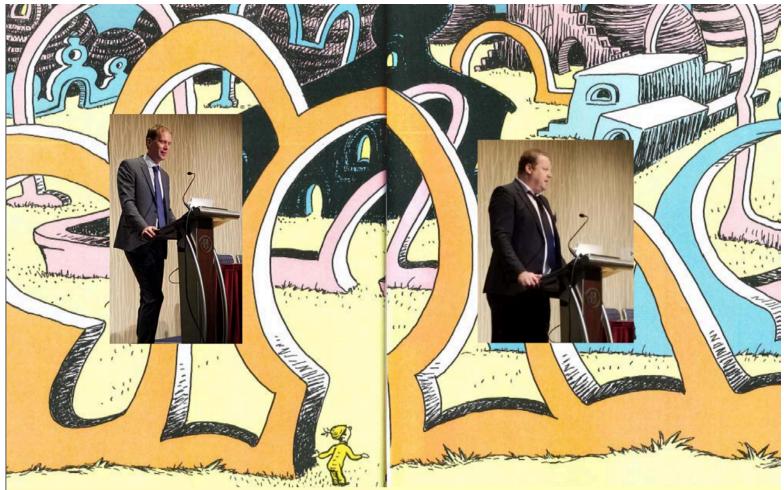
March 17-18 Atlanta, GA







Not the Glitz of the OHDSI Annual Symposium



There's a different path forward that we can now take. One outlined by Schuemie and Peter Rijnbeek.

For reliable Evidence Generation to work and succeed, openness and transparency must be our common creed. Sharing your protocol, posting your code, reproducible in every step of the workflow



F2F is the OHDSI conference that rolls up its sleeves, spits in its hands, and goes to work.

- Carl Sandburg



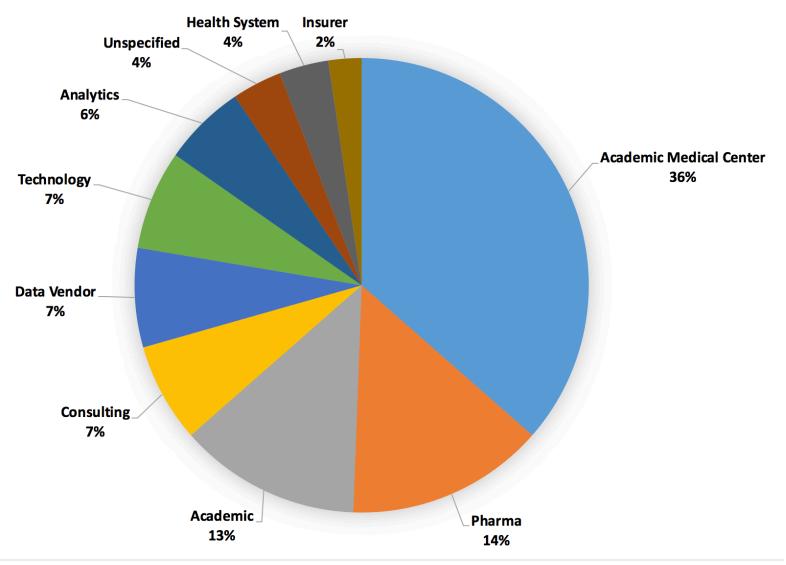
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Who's Here?





Thank you for your sponsorship!

cloudera







A little context...



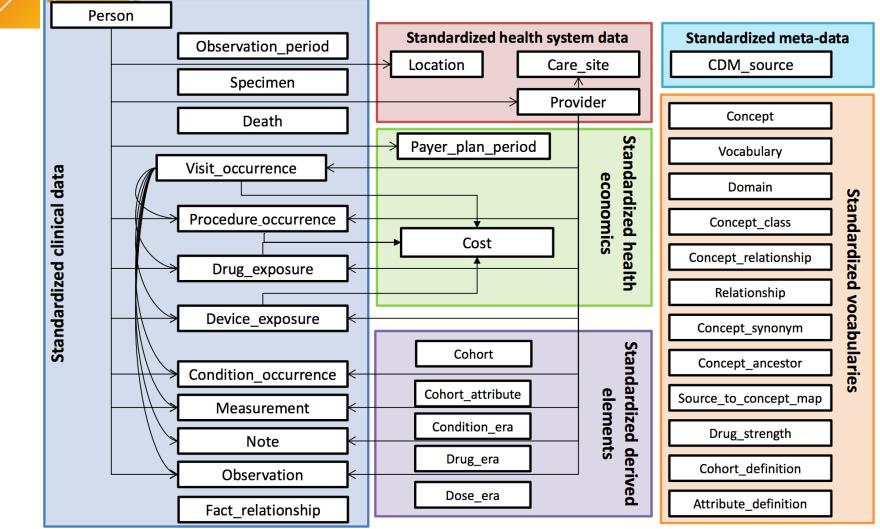
OHDSI's Mission

To improve health by empowering a community to collaboratively generate the evidence that promotes better health decisions and better care.



Along the way...

Common Data Model



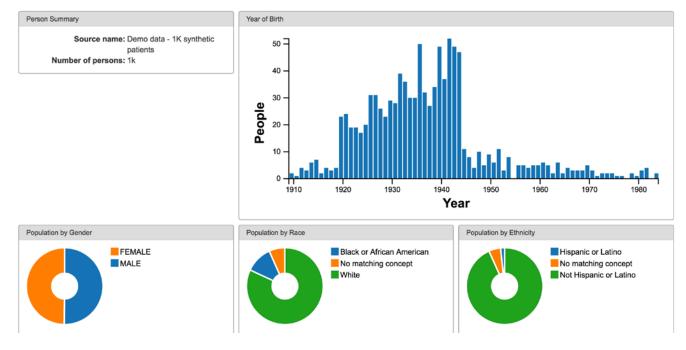


Vocabulary Mappings

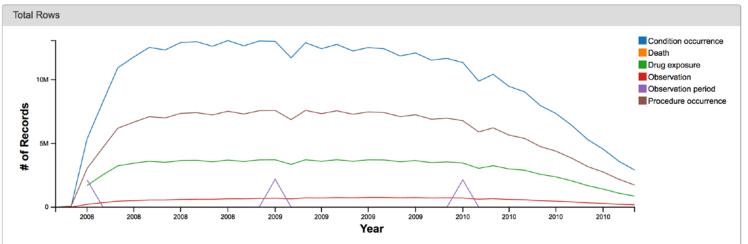
Select vocabularies * :		Vocabulary ID (CDM V4.5)	Vocabulary code (CDM V5)	VOCABULARY NAME	Available	Latest update
	<	1	SNOMED	Systematic Nomenclature of Medicine - Clinical Terms (IHTSDO)		05-OCT-16
		2	ICD9CM	International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification, Volume 1 and 2 (NCHS)		01-OCT-14
	<	3	ICD9Proc	International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification, Volume 3 (NCHS)		01-OCT-14
		4	CPT4	Current Procedural Terminology version 4 (AMA)	EULA required	11-MAY-15
	<	5	HCPCS	Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (CMS)		28-OCT-15
		6	LOINC	Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (Regenstrief Institute)		24-JUN-16
	<	7	NDFRT	National Drug File - Reference Terminology (VA)		03-OCT-16
		8	RxNorm	RxNorm (NLM)		03-OCT-16
	<	9	NDC	National Drug Code (FDA and manufacturers)		16-OCT-15
		10	GPI	Medi-Span Generic Product Identifier (Wolters Kluwer Health)	icense required	06-MAY-15
		11	UCUM	Unified Code for Units of Measure (Regenstrief Institute)		
	\checkmark	12	Gender	OMOP Gender		
	<	13	Race	Race and Ethnicity Code Set (USBC)		
		14	Place of Service	Place of Service Codes for Professional Claims (CMS)		
		15	MedDRA	Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities (MSSO)	EULA required	01-SEP-16
		16	Multum	Cerner Multum (Cerner)		
		17	Read	NHS UK Read Codes Version 2 (HSCIC)		18-MAR-16
		18	OXMIS	Oxford Medical Information System (OCHP)		27-APR-15
		19	Indication	Indications and Contraindications (FDB)	icense required	19-NOV-15
		20	ETC	Enhanced Therapeutic Classification (FDB)	icense required	19-NOV-15
	<	21	ATC	WHO Anatomic Therapeutic Chemical Classification		03-OCT-16
		22	Multilex	Multilex (FDB)	icense required	
		28	VA Product	VA National Drug File Product (VA)		03-OCT-16
		31	SMQ	Standardised MedDRA Queries (MSSO)		
		32	VA Class	VA National Drug File Class (VA)		03-OCT-16
		33	Cohort	Legacy OMOP HOI or DOI cohort		
		34	ICD10	International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (WHO)		01-DEC-16
	\Box	35	ICD10PCS	ICD-10 Procedure Coding System (CMS)		18-MAY-16
		40	DRG	Diagnosis-related group (CMS)		
		41	MDC	Major Diagnostic Categories (CMS)		
		42	APC	Ambulatory Payment Classification (CMS)		
	<	43	Revenue Code	UB04/CMS1450 Revenue Codes (CMS)		
		44	Ethnicity	OMOP Ethnicity		
		46	MeSH	Medical Subject Headings (NLM)		09-MAY-16
		47	NUCC	National Uniform Claim Committee Health Care Provider Taxonomy Code Set (NUCC)		



Data Source Exploration









Data Quality Checking

Message Type	•	Message
ERROR		101-Number of persons by age, with age at first observation period; should not have age < 0, (n=848)
ERROR		103 - Distribution of age at first observation period (count = 1); min value should not be negative
ERROR		114-Number of persons with observation period before year-of-birth; count (n=851) should not be > 0
ERROR		206 - Distribution of age by visit_concept_id (count = 7); min value should not be negative
ERROR		209-Number of visit records with end date < start date; count (n=168074) should not be > 0
ERROR		301-Number of providers by specialty concept_id; 224 concepts in data are not in correct vocabulary (Specialty)
ERROR		400-Number of persons with at least one condition occurrence, by condition_concept_id; 115 concepts in data are correct vocabulary (SNOMED)
ERROR		406 - Distribution of age by condition_concept_id (count = 753); min value should not be negative
ERROR		411-Number of condition occurrence records with end date < start date; count (n=182349) should not be > 0
ERROR		506 - Distribution of age at death by gender (count = 2); min value should not be negative



Health Analytics Workflows

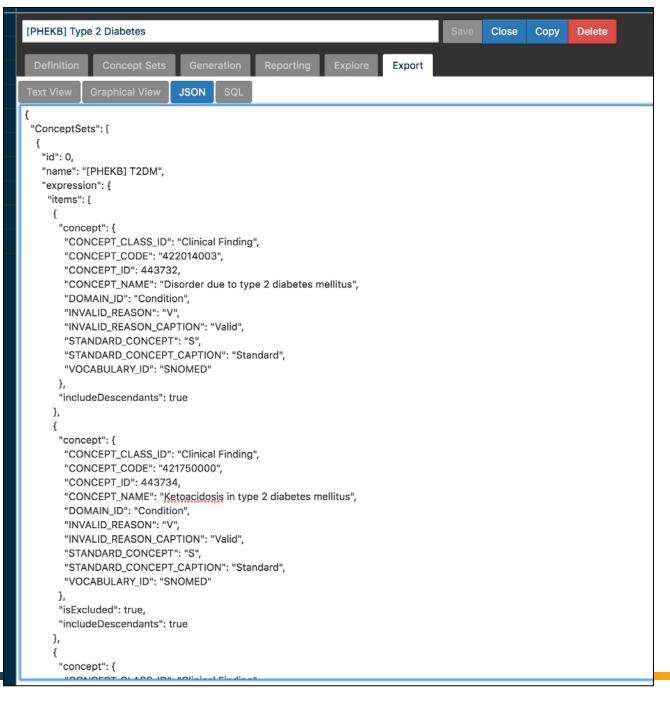
ATLAS														
A Home	f Incidence Rate	Analysis												
Data Sources	Diabetics incidence ra	te				Save	Close	Сору	Delete	Generate▼				
Q Vocabulary			Utilities											
Concept Sets	Definition Conce	ept Sets Generation	Utilities											
* Cohorts														LEXPORT Analysis to CSV
 Incidence Rates 	Source	Name					Persor	IS	Cases	Proportion [+ -] per 1k persons	Time At Risk (years)	Rate [+ -] per 1k years	Started	Duration
	IPCT	SYNPUF									Runnin			
Profiles	 CS1 Showing target cohort: 	SYNPUF	1K	A 27	nd outcome cohort	Cr Adr	nittad				Runnin	g		
Dia Estimation	Showing target condit.	Gr_Diabetics		₹ di			nitted			\$				
😅 Jobs		1	Persons C	ases	Proportion [+ -] per 1k persons	Time At Risk	Rate [+ per 1k y							
¢ Configuration		Summary Statistics:	670 6	2		(years) 295	210.17							
🗩 Feedback		Statistics:	0/0 0	2										
		Stratify Rule	N	Cas	es Proportion [per 1k pers		ime At Risk (years)	per	ate [+ -] r 1k years					
		1. Is Female	286	:	29 101	.40	125		232.00					
										194.12 198.33	202.54 206.75	210.95 215.16 2	219.37 223.58 227.7	/9 232.00
														1k vears



Computable Phenotypes

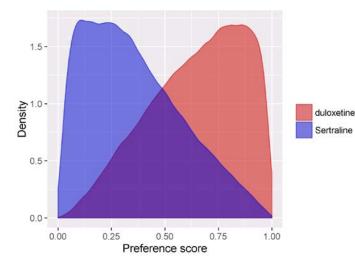
ATLAS	
🖶 Home	😤 Cohort
🛢 Data Sources	eMERGE PheKB Type 2 Diabetes phenotype algorithm (Northwestern University) Litera Save Close Copy Delete
Q Vocabulary	Definition Concept Sets Generation Reporting Explore Export
🛱 Concept Sets	
😁 Cohorts	Cohort definition: A cohort is defined as the set of persons satisfying one or more inclusion criteria for a duration of time. One person may qualify for one cohort multiple times during non-
Incidence Rates	overlapping time intervals. Cohorts are constructed in ATLAS by specifying cohort entry criteria and cohort exit criteria. Cohort entry criteria involve selecting one or more initial events, which determine the start date for cohort entry, and optionally specifying additional inclusion criteria which filter to the qualifying events. Cohort exit criteria are applied to each cohort entry record to
📥 Profiles	determine the end date when the person's episode no longer qualifies for the cohort.
Estimation	As detailed at: https://phekb.org/phenotype/type-2-diabetes-mellitus
🛢 Jobs	All Cohort Entry Criteria Cohort Exit Criteria
© Configuration	All Conort Entry Criteria Conort Exit Criteria
Feedback	Initial event cohort: Events are recorded time-stamped observations for the persons, such as drug exposures, conditions, procedures, measurements and visits. All events have a start date and end date, though some events may have a start date and end date with the same value (such as procedures or measurements). The event index date is set to be equal to the event start date.
	Initial event inclusion criteria: From among the initial events, include: having all \$\$ of the following criteria: Add New Criteria with at most \$\$ 0 \$\$ using all occurrences of: a condition occurrence of T1DM Diagnosis \$\$ Add starting between All \$\$ days Before \$\$ and All \$\$ days

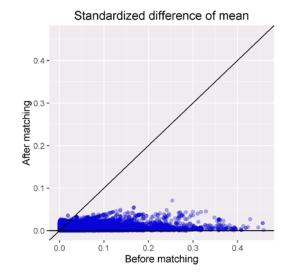






Standardized Cohort Diagnostics





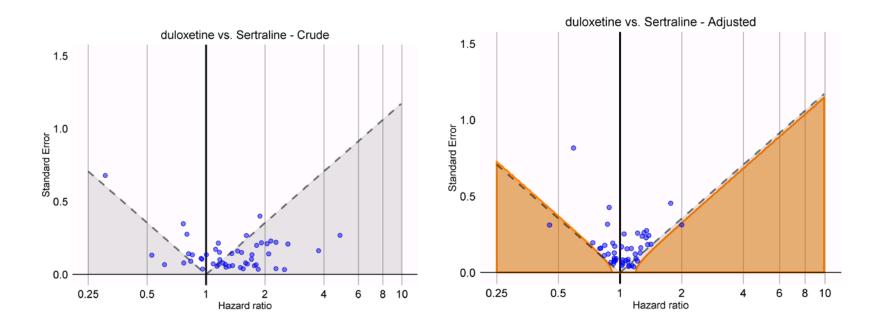
Propensity score distribution

Covariate balance

https://github.com/OHDSI/CohortMethod



Data Source Calibration



Schuemie MJ, Hripcsak G, Ryan PB, Madigan D, Suchard MA. Robust empirical calibration of p-values using observational data. Statistics in Medicine. 2016 Sep 30;35(22):3883-8.



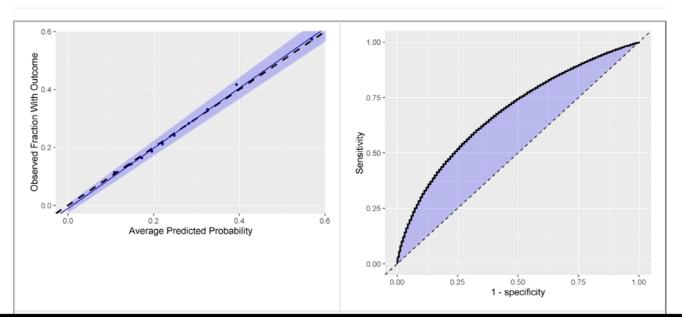
Predictive Modeling

PatientLevelPrediction

Features

- Takes a cohort and outcome of interest as input.
- Extracts the necessary data from a database in OMOP Common Data Model format.
- Uses a large set of covariates including for example all drugs, diagnoses, procedures, as well as age, comorbidity indexes, etc.
- Various machine learning algorithms can be used to develop predictive models.
- · Includes function for evaluating predictive models
- · Includes functions to plot and explore model performance (ROC + Calibration)
- Supported outcome models are I1 logistic regression, Random forest, Gradient boosting machines, Naive Bayes, KNN and MLP.

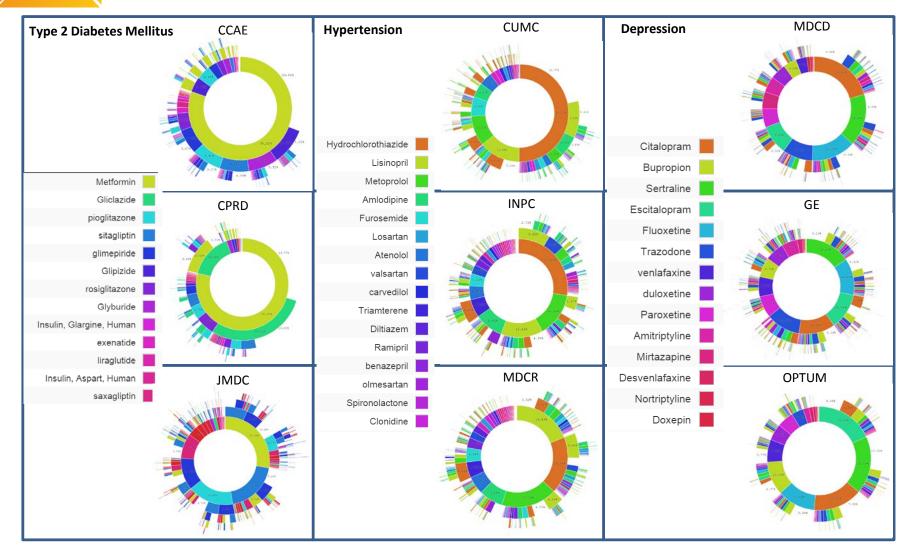
Screenshots





And we've generated evidence...

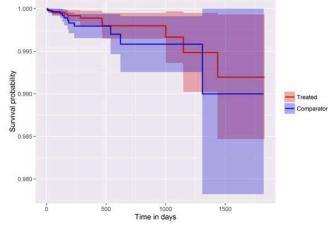
Answering Questions on a Global Scale: Analysis of Treatment Patterns of 250M Patients

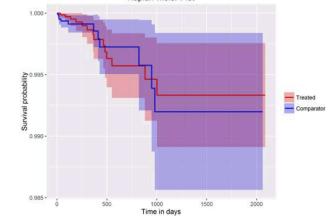


Hripcsak G, Ryan P, Duke J, Shah N, Park R, et al. Addressing Clinical Questions at Scale: OHDSI Characterization of Treatment Pathways. Proceedings of the National Academy of Science (In press).

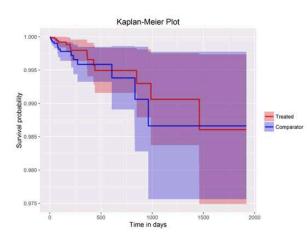


Supporting Medication Safety: Risk of Angioedema with Levetiracetam

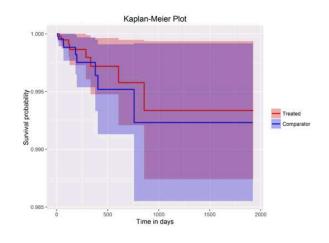




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OPTUM



MDCD

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OHDSI in the Literature

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Scholar	About 150 results (0.04 sec)
Articles Case law My library	[HTML] Observational Health Data Sciences and Informatics (OHDSI): opportunities for observational researchers <u>G Hripcsak</u> , JD Duke, NH Shah, CG Reich Studies in health, 2015 - ncbi.nlm.nih.gov Abstract The vision of creating accessible, reliable clinical evidence by accessing the clinical experience of hundreds of millions of patients across the globe is a reality. The Observational Health Data Sciences and Informatics (OHDSI) has built on learnings from the
Any time Since 2017 Since 2016 Since 2013 Custom range	Cited by 31 Related articles All 6 versions Cite Save Characterizing treatment pathways at scale using the OHDSI network <u>G Hripcsak</u> , <u>PB Ryan</u> , <u>JD Duke</u> Proceedings of the, 2016 - National Acad Sciences Abstract Observational research promises to complement experimental research by providing large, diverse populations that would be infeasible for an experiment. Observational research can test its own clinical hypotheses, and observational studies also Cited by 8 Related articles All 6 versions Web of Science: 2 Cite Save
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include patentsinclude citations	S Vilar, <u>T Lorberbaum</u> , <u>G Hripcsak</u> , <u>NP Tatonetti</u> - PloS one, 2015 - journals.plos.org Department of Biomedical Informatics, Columbia University, New York, NY, United States of America, Department of Systems Biology, Columbia University, New York, NY, United States of America, Observational Health Data Sciences and Informatics (OHDSI), New York, NY Cited by 4 Related articles All 14 versions. Web of Science: 1 Cite Save More



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✓ include patents
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[HTML] Sharing Clinical Big Data While Protecting Confidentiality and Security: Observational Health Data Sciences and Informatics <u>RW Park</u> - Healthcare Informatics Research, 2017 - synapse.koreamed.org ... Recently, distributed research networks (DRNs), such as Observational Health Data and

Informatics (**OHDSI**, pronounced "Odyssey"), the National Patient Centered Clinical Research Network (PICORNET), or Sentinel Initiatives have gained popularity among clinical data ... All 4 versions Cite Save More

Characterizing treatment pathways at scale using the **OHDSI** network

Observational research can test its own clinical hypotheses, and observational studies also

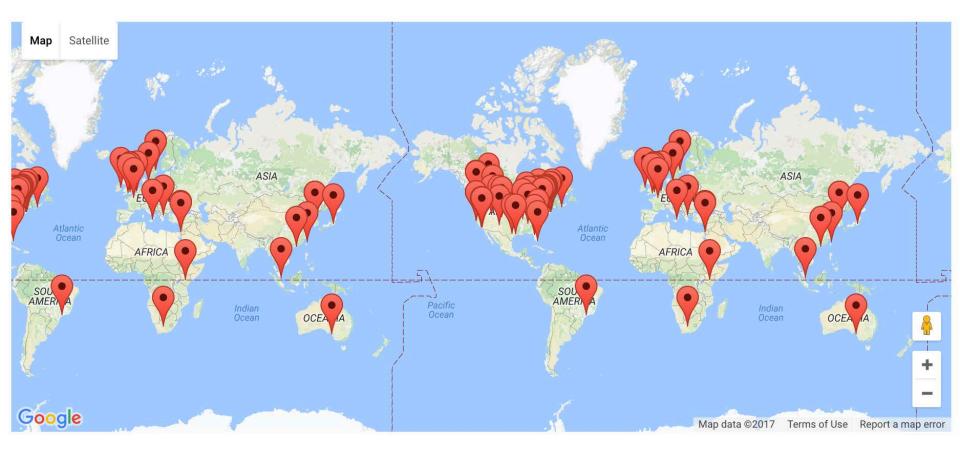
<u>G Hripcsak</u>, <u>PB Ryan</u>, <u>JD Duke</u>... - Proceedings of the ..., 2016 - National Acad Sciences Abstract Observational research promises to complement experimental research by

providing large, diverse populations that would be infeasible for an experiment.

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OHDSI across the globe





MOHDSI OHDSI Symposium 2017 강의 내용 및 R shiny 관련 질의

OHDSI in Korea

whk Hyunki Woo

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안녕하세요.

저는 삼성융합의과학원 디지털헬스학과의 우현기 입니다.

이번 2017 OHDSI Symposium 에 참여하여 매우 유익한 강의들을 들을 수 있어서 뜻깊은 시간이었고, 이런 자리를 마련해주 신 관계자 분들의 노고에 깊은 감사를 드립니다.

몇가지 질문 및 요청사항이 있어서 토픽을 남깁니다.

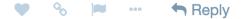
1. 지난 수요일(3/8) 심포지엄 중 두번째 연사였던 Martijn Schuemie 의 강의 내용 중, R shiny 를 통하여 여러 분석데이터 들을 도표화 하여 웹에 띄워 주는 아래와 같은 화면을 볼 수 있었고 매우 인상적이었습니다.

(1) R shiny를 활용한 위 화면의 URL 주소를 좀 알 수 있을까요? (사진을 찍었는데 잘 보이지가 않네요 😂) (2) 위 프로그램의 R shiny Code도 혹시 함께 볼 수 있는 방법이 있을까요?

2. R shiny 로 작업할때 다루는 데이터인 csv 파일내의 행(row)이 약 55만개가 넘어가면 아래와 같은 에러가 나오는 경우가 있었습니다.

Error: 'from' cannot be NA, NaN or infinite

(1) 위와 같은 에러의 해결방법과 혹시 R shiny에서 다룰 수 있는 데이터의 양(용량 혹은 행, 열의 갯수)에 대한 Limitation 이 있는지 궁금합니다. R shiny 써보신 분 들중 위와 같은 에러를 접하신 분이 계시다면 의견을 부탁드립니다.







MOHDSI OHDSI Symposium 2017 강의 내용 및 R shiny 관련 질의

OHDSI in Korea

whk Hyunki Woo

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몇가지 질문 및 요청사항이 있어서 토픽을 남깁니다.

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Friendly Forums

	Today	Yesterday	Last 7 Days	Last 30 Days	All
User Visits	56	48 🔺	252 -	958 -	15863
New Users	4	5 🔺	21 🔺	58 -	892
Topics	5	3	15 🔺	47 -	1225
Posts	30	28 🔺	128 🔺	329 🔺	6601
Time to first response	1.87	2.22 -	17.01 -	28.8 -	167.9



Too Responsive?



Christian_Reich

3d

@Gowtham_Rao, @hripcsa:

Just got scolded by the Forum website:

Let others join the conversation

This topic is clearly important to you – you've posted more than 28% of the replies here. Are you sure you're providing adequate time for other people to share their points of view, too?

So, this is the last one before I shut up. 😁



Breadth of Topics Evolving with Community

What -omics vocabularies are you using? Philosophical question on oncology ETL Creating HEDIS measures as cohort definitions in ATLAS Using **NLP** sentiment to determine inclusion OMOP use in Global Epi for CDC? Gates Foundation? **OMOP** in Hadoop? How do we define what is a 'good study'?





mrobinson Markeese Robinson

Greetings,

I am Markeese Robinson and I work at a Federally Qualified Community Health Center located in Jackson, Mississippi.

I need help with the OMOP conversion tools that are listed on the OHDSI website. We would also like to understand the process to convert the EHR data to the OMOP format.

I look forward to hearing from you. Thank you in advance for any assistance that you can offer.







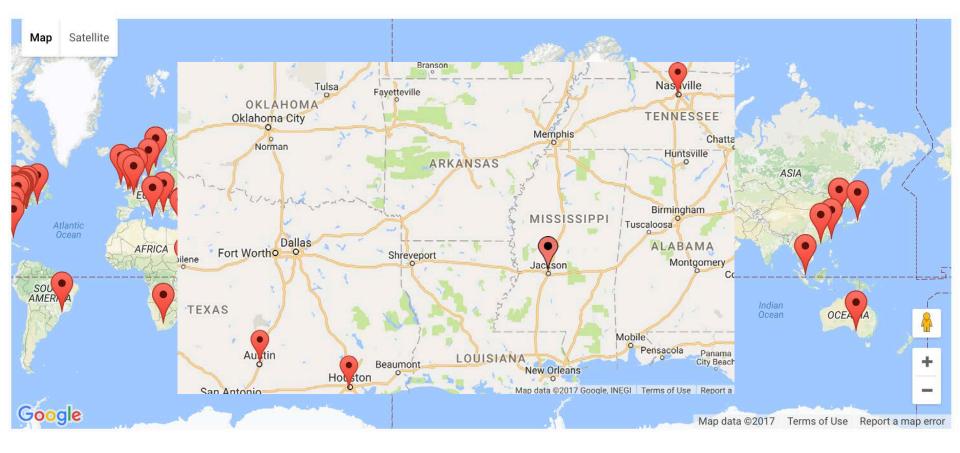
JACKSON-HINDS COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH CENTER (JHCHC)

As the largest provider of primary health care services to the poor, uninsured and undeserved population in Mississippi, the prime objective of JHCHC is to eliminate disparities in health care access for these groups, which often fall between the gaps of private insurance and personal income. Payments for services rendered are based on a number of factors including the patient's ability to pay as well as grant fund availability for various services.

Jackson / Population

172,638 (2013)











Time to roll up our sleeves, spit in our hands, and go to work.



Today's Agenda

9:30 – 10:30am	 Working Group Breakout Session – Part I Common data model and vocabulary – Proposal review (Room A) Population-level estimation (Room B) Hadoop (Room B) Vocabulary Visualization (Room B) Orientation for newcomers (Room C)
10:30 - 11:00am	Break
11:00 – 12:00pm	 Working Group Breakout Session – Part II Common data model and vocabulary – Proposal review (Room A) Architecture (Room B) Patient-level prediction Natural language processing Orientation for newcomers
12:00 – 1:00pm	Reconvene the community •Summary of key points from each work group •Hack-a-thon presentation: Framing of target problems
1:00 – 1:30pm	Lunch
1:30 – End of day	Hack-a-thon – Three possible tracks •Phenotyping and cohort building •Large scale statistical computing •Design session: UI experience and information dissemination



Tomorrow's Agenda

8:00 – 12:30pm	Continue hack-a-thon activities across three tracks: •Phenotyping and cohort building •Large scale statistical computing •Design session: UI experience and information dissemination
12:30 – 1:30pm	Lunch
1:30 – 3:00pm	Reconvene the community •Review outcomes from each hack-a-thon track
3:00 – 3:30pm	Break
3:30 – 5:30pm	Open community discussion •Next steps for following through on group projects •Other priorities for collaborative projects •Other ways to engage the community and make contributions
5:30pm	Wrap-up