
# OHDSI community efforts on COVID-19 disease natural history: Status update and look forward to 'life after COVID'

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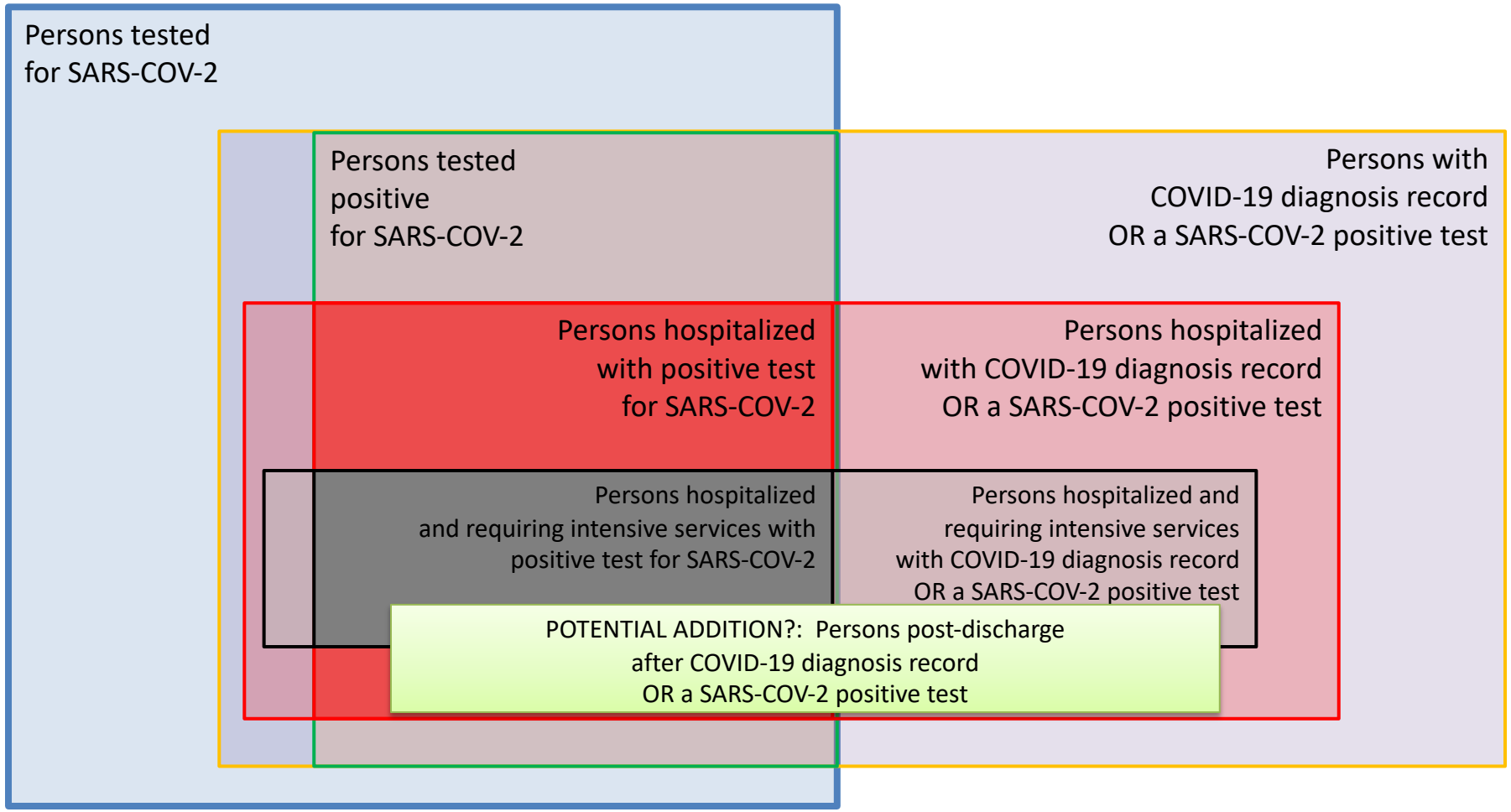
on behalf of OHDSI community:
CHARYBDIS study leads: Anthony Sena, Kristin Kostka, Talita Duarte-Salles, Albert Prats-Uribe

# Open collaboration requires FULL transparency in every step of the research process

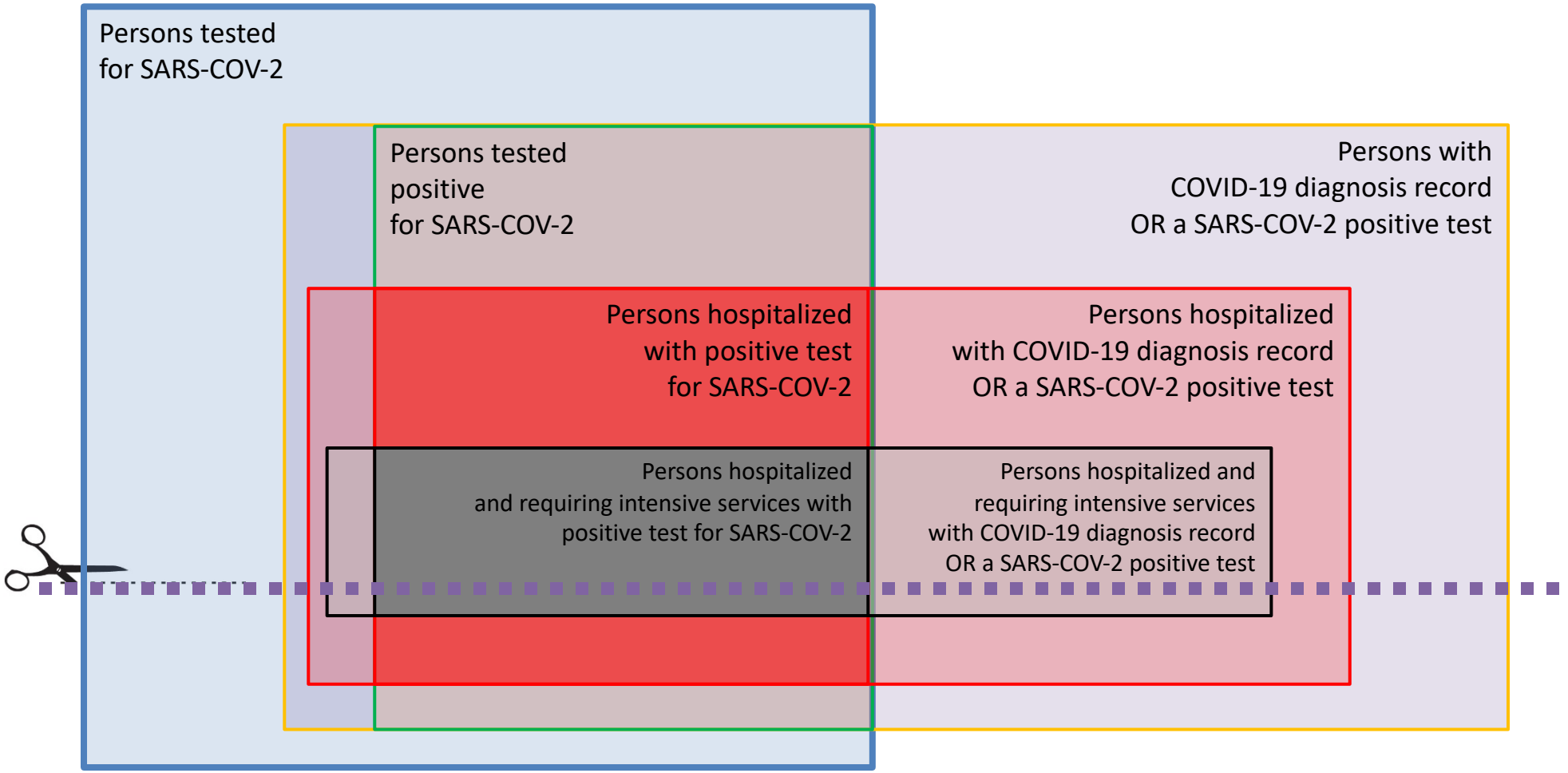
- Protocol and analysis source code freely available and directly downloadable: https://github.com/ohdsi-studies/Covid19CharacterizationCharybdis
- Phenotype definitions are both human-readable and computer-executable using ATLAS against any OMOP CDM: https://atlas.ohdsi.org/
- All analysis results will be available for public exploration through interactive R shiny application: http://data.ohdsi.org/Covid19CharacterizationCHARYBDIS/
- The study is a living evidence repository: any data partners can execute analysis and share aggregate results at any point, including updates as data accumulate

**Join the Journey!**

# CHARYBDIS target cohorts



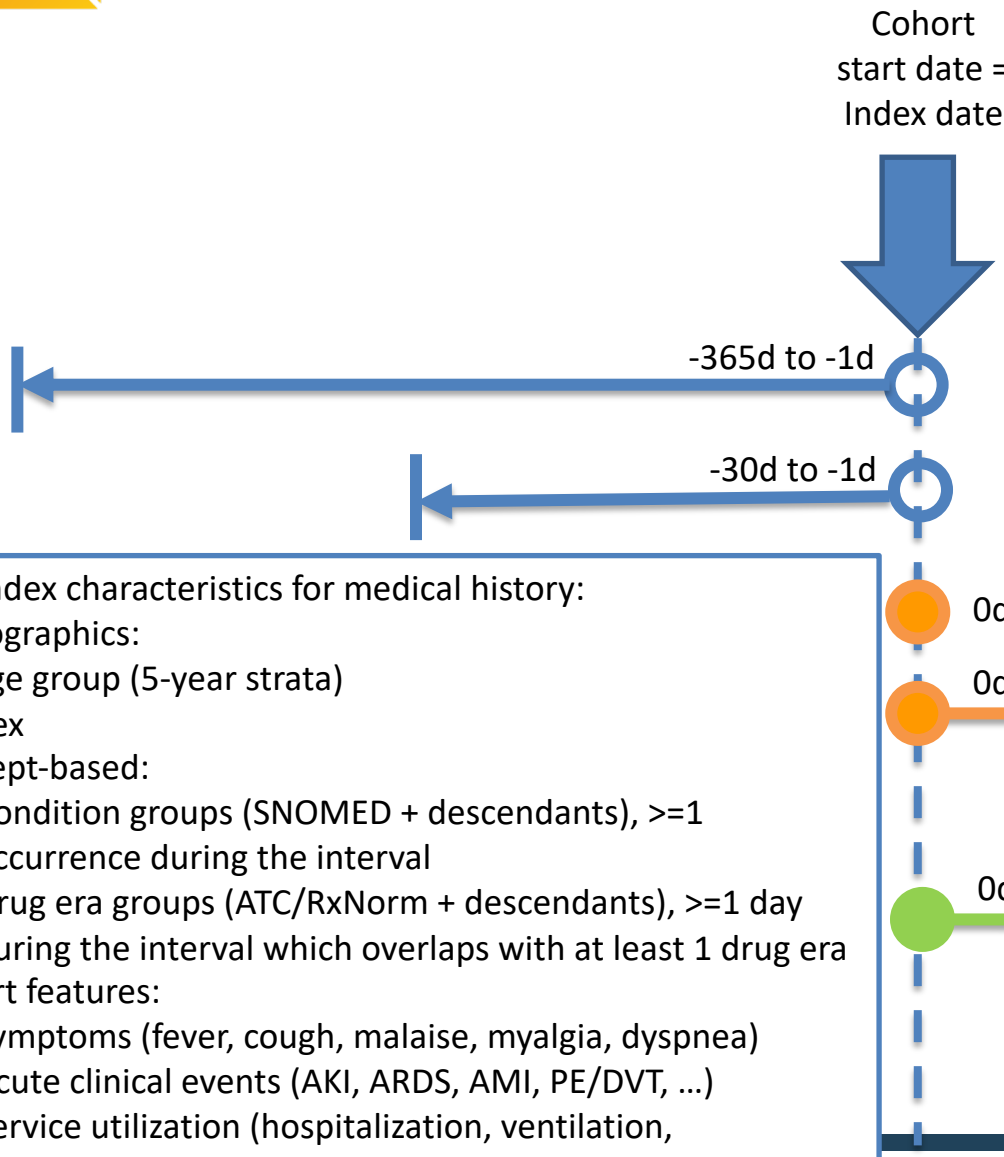
# CHARYBDIS subgroup cohorts




Stratification cohorts:

- Age: <18, >65
- Gender: Female/Male
- Race: Black/White
- Index month
- Hypertension
- Type 2 Diabetes
- Heart disease
- Obesity
- Asthma
- COPD
- Chronic kidney disease
- End stage renal disease
- Cancer
- Autoimmune conditions
- Dementia
- HIV
- Pregnant women
- **Follow-up time: >=30d**

# CHARYBDIS Time windows




Pre-index characteristics for medical history:
Demographics:
- Age group (5-year strata)
- Sex

Concept-based:
- Condition groups (SNOMED + descendants), >=1 occurrence during the interval
- Drug era groups (ATC/RxNorm + descendants), >=1 day during the interval which overlaps with at least 1 drug era

Cohort features:
- Symptoms (fever, cough, malaise, myalgia, dyspnea)
- Acute clinical events (AKI, ARDS, AMI, PE/DVT, …)
- Service utilization (hospitalization, ventilation, tracheostomy, ECMO, dialysis)

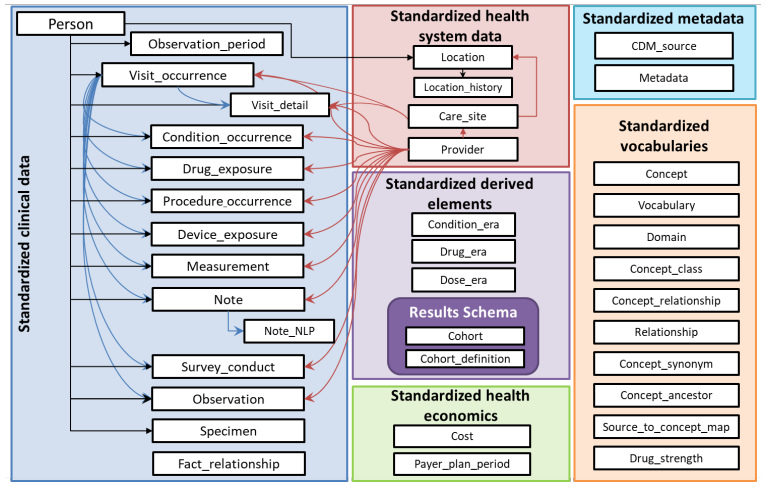
Post-index characteristics for treatments and outcomes:
Concept-based:
- Condition groups (SNOMED + descendants), >=1 occurrence during the interval
- Drug era groups (ATC/RxNorm + descendants), >=1 day during the interval which overlaps with at least 1 drug era

Cohort features:
- Symptoms (fever, cough, malaise, myalgia, dyspnea)
- Acute clinical events (AKI, ARDS, AMI, PE/DVT, …)
- Service utilization (hospitalization, ventilation, tracheostomy, ECMO, dialysis)

# Data partners contributing to CHARYBDIS thusfar

| Database name | Geography | Data type |
|---|---|---|
| Premier | US (National) | Hospital billing |
| Optum EHR | US (National) | Electronic health records |
| Iqvia Open Claims | US (National) | Administrative claims |
| VINCI (VA) | US (National) | Electronic health records |
| STARR (Stanford) | US (CA) | Electronic health records |
| TRDW (Tufts) | US (MA) | Electronic health records |
| CUIMC (Columbia) | US (NY) | Electronic health records |
| SIDIAP | Spain | Electronic health records |
| SIDIAP-H | Spain | EHR-hospital linkage |
| HM Hospitales | Spain | Hospital billing |
| ICPI | Netherlands | Electronic health records |
| CPRD | UK | Electronic health records |
| HIRA | South Korea | Administrative claims |
| DCMC | South Korea | Electronic health records |

All databases standardized to OMOP CDM v5.3



# Live demo of CHARYBDIS

CHARYBDIS ≡

Show 25 entries Search:

| Cohort | Strata | CDM_Premier_COVID_v1240 | HIRA | optum_ehr_covid_v1239 | SIDIAP | STARR-OMOP | TRDW | IQVIA_OpenClaims | CUIMC |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Subjects | Subjects | Subjects | Subjects | Subjects | Subjects | Subjects | Subjects |
| Persons tested for SARS-CoV-2 with no required prior observation | All | 219,230 | 230,268 | 411,580 | 150,187 | 56,881 | 6,950 | 783214 | 22094 |
| Persons tested for SARS-CoV-2 with at least 365d prior observation | All | 1,289 | 230,268 | 355,014 | 148,468 | 39,877 | 3,719 | 739518 | 18053 |
| Persons with a COVID-19 diagnosis or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | All | 66,132 | 7,603 | 45,508 | 124,221 | 4,788 | 1,250 | 493949 | 10437 |
| Persons tested with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | All | 21,503 | 6,013 | 43,386 | 42,325 | 4,095 | 1,097 | 74793 | 7998 |
| Persons tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 with no required prior observation | All | | | 42,909 | 37,975 | 1,880 | 1,035 | | 6959 |
| Persons with a COVID-19 diagnosis or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with at least 365d prior observation | All | 194 | 7,603 | 37,880 | 122,058 | 3,328 | 664 | 466191 | 8519 |
| Persons tested with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with at least 365d prior observation | All | 63 | 6,013 | 36,048 | 41,916 | 2,741 | 574 | 70301 | 6497 |
| Persons tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 with at least 365d prior observation | All | | | 35,624 | 37,604 | 902 | 520 | | 5625 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | All | 36,019 | 7,599 | 13,283 | 18,364 | 744 | 326 | 139971 | 3439 |
| Persons hospitalized with a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | All | | | 12,451 | 13,644 | 128 | 232 | | 3075 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with at least 365d prior observation | All | 132 | 7,599 | 10,534 | 18,197 | 615 | 186 | 133091 | 2600 |
| Persons hospitalized with a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with at least 365d prior observation | All | | | 9,841 | 13,520 | 86 | 140 | | 2344 |
| Persons hospitalized and requiring intensive services with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | All | 8,373 | 130 | 1,719 | | 62 | 102 | 15184 | 86 |
| Persons hospitalized and requiring intensive services with a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | All | | | 1,611 | | 19 | 73 | | 58 |
| Persons hospitalized and requiring intensive services with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with at least 365d prior observation | All | 28 | 130 | 1,345 | | 46 | 40 | 14633 | 56 |
| Persons hospitalized and requiring intensive services with a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with at least 365d prior observation | All | | | 1,253 | | 12 | 31 | | 40 |

Showing 1 to 16 of 16 entries Previous 1 Next

https://data.ohdsi.org/Covid19CharacterizationCharybdis/

# Live demo of CHARYBDIS

CHARYBDIS

About
Cohorts
Cohort Counts
Cohort Characterization
Compare Cohort Char.
Database information

**Database**
HIRA, optum_ehr_covid_v1

**Cohort**
Persons hospitalized with a

**Strata**
All, with Full 30-day follow u

Show 25 entries  Search:

| Cohort | Strata | HIRA | optum_ehr_covid_v1239 | SIDIAP | IQVIA_OpenClaims |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Subjects | Subjects | Subjects | Subjects |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | All | 7,599 | 13,283 | 18364 | 139971 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Age < 18 | 251 | 166 | 82 | 3055 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Age >= 65 | 1,371 | 6,264 | 10076 | 75285 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Black or African American | | 3,074 | | |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Flu-like symptom episodes | 1,989 | 463 | 4863 | 74126 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Full 30-day follow up | 7,359 | 5,544 | 12288 | 82127 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Index date: Apr 2020 | 424 | 6,388 | 7333 | 90076 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Index date: Feb 2020 | 1,897 | 22 | 16 | 1455 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Index date: Mar 2020 | 5,260 | 3,879 | 10732 | 27336 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Index date: May 2020 | <5 | 2,810 | 280 | 18098 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Pregnant women | 121 | 426 | 108 | 1931 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent Asthma without COPD | 1,560 | 632 | 956 | 23440 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent Autoimmune condition | 813 | 141 | 1706 | 40033 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent chronic kidney disease | 242 | 163 | 161 | 34577 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent chronic kidney disease broad | 421 | 265 | 2649 | 44564 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) without asthma | 145 | 2,980 | 4848 | 31196 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent Dementia | 436 | 105 | 1101 | 22828 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent end stage renal disease | 25 | 244 | | 11582 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent end stage renal disease broad | 30 | 262 | | 15066 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent heart disease | 1,271 | 524 | 5130 | 88783 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent Hepatitis C | 61 | 16 | 135 | 4298 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent Human immunodeficiency virus infection | | | 7 | 1830 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent Human immunodeficiency virus infection broad | | | 47 | 2524 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent hypertension | 1,943 | 782 | 5460 | 106221 |
| Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation | with Prevalent malignant neoplasm excluding non-melanoma skin cancer | 410 | 158 | 2577 | 29847 |

Showing 1 to 25 of 54 entries  Previous 1 2 3 Next

https://data.ohdsi.org/Covid19CharacterizationCharybdis/

# Live demo of CHARYBDIS

CHARYBDIS ≡

- About
- Cohorts
- Cohort Counts
- Cohort Characterization
- Compare Cohort Char.
- Database information

**Database**: CDM_Premier_COVID_v124(

**Cohort (Target)**: Persons hospitalized with a

**Strata (Target)**: All

**Domain**: Cohort

**Time Window**: index to 30d

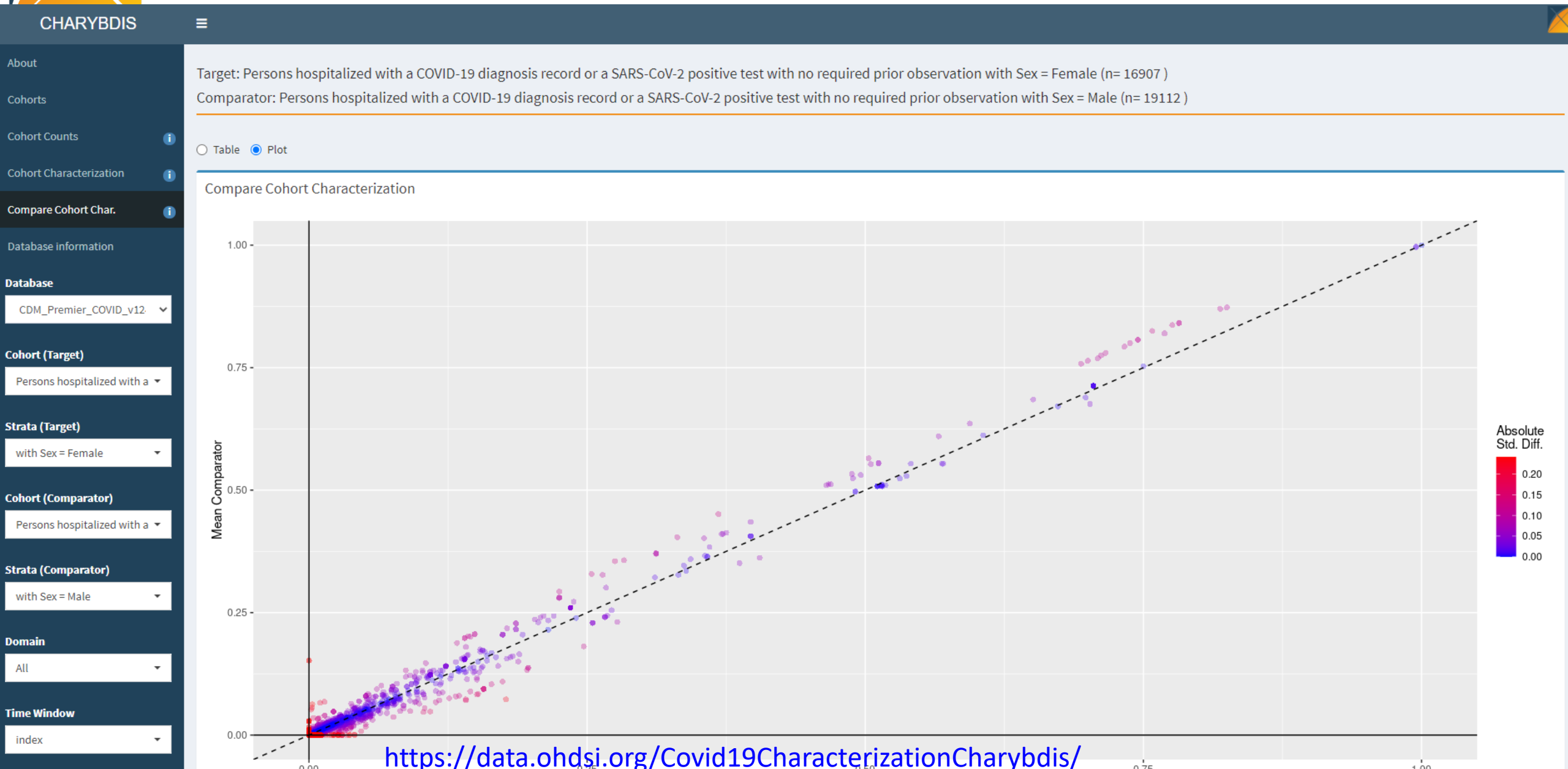
Persons hospitalized with a COVID-19 diagnosis record or a SARS-CoV-2 positive test with no required prior observation

Show 25 entries  Search:

| Covariate Name | CDM_Premier_COVID_v1240 (n = 36,019) | HIRA (n = 7,599) | IQVIA_OpenClaims (n = 139,971) | optum_ehr_covid_v1239 (n = 13,283) | SIDIAP (n = 18,364) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Proportion | Proportion | Proportion | Proportion | Proportion |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: hospitalization episodes | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.7% | 99.9% | 100.0% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: discharge from hospitalization | 98.9% | 91.6% | 99.9% | 99.4% | 96.2% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: pneumonia during hospitalization | 77.6% | 29.2% | 46.5% | 3.7% | 12.9% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: acute respiratory distress syndrome (ards) during hospitalization | 54.3% | 1.0% | 32.0% | 1.8% | 0.1% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: prevalent pre-existing condition of covid risk factor | 38.2% | 4.8% | 4.2% | 1.3% | 0.8% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: prevalent hypertension | 37.4% | 2.4% | 1.9% | 1.4% | 0.2% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: sepsis during hospitalization | 34.7% | 3.7% | 16.5% | 1.0% | 0.1% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: flu-like symptom episodes | 33.1% | 20.2% | 25.3% | 3.3% | 5.3% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: acute kidney injury (aki) diagnosis during hospitalization | 29.9% | 0.8% | 15.2% | 0.8% | 0.1% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: acute kidney injury (aki) using diagnosis codes and change in measurements during hospitlization | 26.9% | 1.0% | 10.7% | 3.3% | 0.1% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: prevalent heart disease | 25.9% | 5.1% | 5.2% | 0.7% | 0.7% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: cardiac arrhythmia during hospitalization | 23.3% | 1.6% | 12.0% | 4.7% | 0.4% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: intensive services during hospitalization | 22.6% | 1.7% | 9.7% | 12.6% | |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: mechanical ventilation during hospitalization | 22.5% | 1.7% | 62.5% | 12.5% | 7.9% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: prevalent type 2 diabetes mellitus | 22.0% | 2.4% | 1.5% | 0.7% | 0.1% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: death | 19.0% | 2.5% | | 2.3% | 12.2% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: dyspnea | 17.7% | 10.9% | 21.5% | 2.1% | 2.2% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: prevalent obesity | 17.0% | | 1.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: total cardiovascular disease events | 16.7% | 6.1% | 7.7% | 0.5% | 0.5% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: supraventricular arrythymia during hospitalization | 15.4% | 0.6% | 6.5% | 0.4% | 0.3% |
| cohort during day 0 through 30 days start the index: heart failure during hospitalization | 14.5% | 2.5% | 5.7% | 0.4% | 0.2% |

https://data.ohdsi.org/Covid19CharacterizationCharybdis/

# Live demo of CHARYBDIS




https://data.ohdsi.org/Covid19CharacterizationCharybdis/

# Live demo of CHARYBDIS cohort diagnostics

Cohort Diagnostics

- Cohort Counts
- Incidence Rate
- Time Distributions
- Included (Source) Concepts
- Orphan (Source) Concepts
- Index Event Breakdown
- Database information

**Database**

- [x] CUIMC
- [ ] DCMC
- [x] HM_Hospitales
- [x] IPCI
- [x] IQVIA_OpenClaims
- [x] optum_ehr_covid_v1239
- [x] CDM_Premier_COVID_v1240
- [x] SIDIAP
- [ ] SIDIAP_H
- [x] STARR-OMOP
- [x] CPRD_COVID

Show 25 entries  Search:

| Cohort | CUIMC | | HM_Hospitales | | IPCI | | IQVIA_OpenClaims | | optum_ehr_covid_v1239 | | CDM_Premier_COVID_v1240 | | SIDIAP | | STAR |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Entries | Subjects | Entries | Subjects | Entries | Subjects | Entries | Subjects | Entries | Subjects | Entries | Subjects | Entries | Subjects | Entries |
| [COVID ID100 v1] Prevalent Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus | 229,196 | 229,196 | 271 | 271 | 163,875 | 163,875 | 55,299,457 | 55,299,457 | 15,392 | 15,392 | 5,294,334 | 5,294,334 | 441,317 | 441,317 | 236,74 |
| [COVID ID101 v1] Prevalent hypertension | 598,064 | 598,064 | 716 | 716 | 260,670 | 260,670 | 122,784,203 | 122,784,203 | 34,355 | 34,355 | 12,336,370 | 12,336,370 | 930,209 | 930,209 | 621,64 |
| [COVID ID102 v1] Prevalent chronic kidney disease | 61,060 | 61,060 | | | 694 | 694 | 16,310,729 | 16,310,729 | 4,150 | 4,150 | 407,057 | 407,057 | 14,372 | 14,372 | 40,10 |
| [COVID ID103 v1] Prevalent end stage renal disease | 25,136 | 25,136 | | | | | 4,245,352 | 4,245,352 | 3,627 | 3,627 | 302,356 | 302,356 | 24 | 24 | 13,26 |
| [COVID ID104 v1] Prevalent heart disease | 607,680 | 607,680 | 333 | 333 | 184,636 | 184,636 | 87,858,660 | 87,858,660 | 20,270 | 20,270 | 6,742,394 | 6,742,394 | 803,013 | 803,013 | 270,16 |
| [COVID ID105 v1] Prevalent malignant neoplasm excluding non-melanoma skin cancer | 422,372 | 422,372 | 175 | 175 | 115,868 | 115,868 | 40,027,369 | 40,027,369 | 8,638 | 8,638 | 3,122,450 | 3,122,450 | 492,683 | 492,683 | 183,13 |
| [COVID ID106 v1] Prevalent Human immunodeficiency virus infection | 16,417 | 16,417 | <5 | <5 | 1,015 | 1,015 | 1,349,258 | 1,349,258 | 286 | 286 | 35,096 | 35,096 | 2,086 | 2,086 | 2,25 |
| [COVID ID107 V1] Prevalent Hepatitis C | 21,250 | 21,250 | 8 | 8 | 626 | 626 | 3,658,562 | 3,658,562 | 956 | 956 | 285,341 | 285,341 | 34,121 | 34,121 | 12,83 |
| [COVID ID108 v1] Prevalent obesity | 431,821 | 431,821 | 93 | 93 | 204,050 | 204,050 | 53,718,965 | 53,718,965 | 297,478 | 297,478 | 3,617,717 | 3,617,717 | 1,537,002 | 1,537,002 | 357,49 |
| [COVID ID109 v1] Prevalent Dementia | 52,645 | 52,645 | 47 | 47 | 23,067 | 23,067 | 10,684,811 | 10,684,811 | 1,520 | 1,520 | 774,074 | 774,074 | 162,545 | 162,545 | 13,90 |
| [COVID ID106 v1] Prevalent tuberculosis | 642 | 642 | | | 54 | 54 | 15,649 | 15,649 | 8 | 8 | 1,114 | 1,114 | 4,080 | 4,080 | 34 |
| [COVID ID118 v1] Prevalent Autoimmune condition | 200,518 | 200,518 | 81 | 81 | 172,793 | 172,793 | 36,453,532 | 36,453,532 | 7,597 | 7,597 | 1,500,146 | 1,500,146 | 336,791 | 336,791 | 92,62 |
| [COVID ID119 V1] Prevalent chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) without asthma | 119,993 | 119,993 | 115 | 115 | 90,003 | 90,003 | 31,326,149 | 31,326,149 | 91,599 | 91,599 | 2,222,462 | 2,222,462 | 612,000 | 612,000 | 94,79 |
| [COVID ID120 V1] Prevalent Asthma without COPD | 253,686 | 253,686 | 82 | 82 | 142,295 | 142,295 | 55,525,684 | 55,525,684 | 65,385 | 65,385 | 2,477,682 | 2,477,682 | 323,130 | 323,130 | 246,34 |
| [COVID ID125 V1] Prevalent pre-existing condition of COVID risk factor | 1,055,017 | 1,055,017 | 611 | 611 | 351,942 | 351,942 | 138,902,076 | 138,902,076 | 34,042 | 34,042 | 12,031,423 | 12,031,423 | 1,552,977 | 1,552,977 | 482,56 |
| [COVID ID199 V1] Pregnant women | 312,562 | 178,818 | 7 | 7 | 72,692 | 53,584 | 39,893,561 | 23,813,763 | 51,931 | 34,344 | 1,114,145 | 1,083,716 | 113,375 | 102,297 | 85,08 |
| [COVID ID200 v1] Flu-like symptom episodes | 532,684 | 307,207 | 290 | 290 | 642,926 | 407,012 | 182,421,964 | 96,488,751 | 65,603 | 33,937 | 9,099,499 | 7,786,607 | 1,282,585 | 1,100,757 | 459,83 |
| [COVID ID203 v1] Prevalent chronic kidney disease broad | 125,098 | 125,098 | 71 | 71 | 1,615 | 1,615 | 25,275,744 | 25,275,744 | 6,587 | 6,587 | 2,267,496 | 2,267,496 | 328,089 | 328,089 | 72,04 |
| [COVID ID204 v1] Prevalent end stage renal disease broad | 56,902 | 56,902 | <5 | <5 | | | 6,655,206 | 6,655,206 | 4,244 | 4,244 | 374,252 | 374,252 | 411 | 411 | 25,56 |
| [COVID ID121 v1] Prevalent Human immunodeficiency virus infection broad | 23,187 | 23,187 | 5 | 5 | 1,315 | 1,315 | 1,796,443 | 1,796,443 | 335 | 335 | 141,194 | 141,194 | 15,134 | 15,134 | 3,01 |
| [COVID ID102 v1] Prevalent tuberculosis broad | 15,078 | 15,078 | | | 1,046 | 1,046 | 504,836 | 504,836 | 125 | 125 | 5,682 | 5,682 | 15,202 | 15,202 | 2,34 |

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https://data.ohdsi.org/Covid19CharacterizationCharybdisDiagStrata/

# Live demo of CHARYBDIS cohort diagnostics

Cohort Diagnostics

- Cohort Counts
- Incidence Rate
- Time Distributions
- Included (Source) Concepts
- Orphan (Source) Concepts
- Index Event Breakdown
- Database information

**Database**: CUIMC

**Cohort (Target)**: [COVID ID100 v1] Prevalen

**Concept Set**: Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus

Source Concepts / Standard Concepts

Show 25 entries — Search:

| Subjects | Concept ID | Vocabulary | Code | Name |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 145,474 | 44836914 | ICD9CM | 250.00 | Diabetes mellitus without mention of complication, type II or unspecified type, not stated as uncontrolled |
| 97,686 | 35206882 | ICD10CM | E11.9 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus without complications |
| 33,975 | 44836915 | ICD9CM | 250.02 | Diabetes mellitus without mention of complication, type II or unspecified type, uncontrolled |
| 33,952 | 44836915 | ICD9CM | 250.02 | Diabetes mellitus without mention of complication, type II or unspecified type, uncontrolled |
| 16,351 | 45605405 | ICD10CM | E11.65 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia |
| 16,346 | 45605405 | ICD10CM | E11.65 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia |
| 15,710 | 44819500 | ICD9CM | 250.50 | Diabetes with ophthalmic manifestations, type II or unspecified type, not stated as uncontrolled |
| 12,391 | 44831047 | ICD9CM | 250.80 | Diabetes with other specified manifestations, type II or unspecified type, not stated as uncontrolled |
| 12,390 | 44831047 | ICD9CM | 250.80 | Diabetes with other specified manifestations, type II or unspecified type, not stated as uncontrolled |
| 11,531 | 45595797 | ICD10CM | E11.22 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease |
| 11,531 | 45595797 | ICD10CM | E11.22 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease |
| 9,883 | 44828795 | ICD9CM | 250.60 | Diabetes with neurological manifestations, type II or unspecified type, not stated as uncontrolled |
| 9,177 | 44825349 | ICD9CM | 357.2 | Polyneuropathy in diabetes |
| 9,158 | 44831148 | ICD9CM | 362.01 | Background diabetic retinopathy |
| 9,112 | 44831045 | ICD9CM | 250.40 | Diabetes with renal manifestations, type II or unspecified type, not stated as uncontrolled |
| 7,796 | 44829882 | ICD9CM | 250.92 | Diabetes with unspecified complication, type II or unspecified type, uncontrolled |
| 7,791 | 44829882 | ICD9CM | 250.92 | Diabetes with unspecified complication, type II or unspecified type, uncontrolled |
| 7,791 | 44829882 | ICD9CM | 250.92 | Diabetes with unspecified complication, type II or unspecified type, uncontrolled |
| 7,596 | 35206881 | ICD10CM | E11.8 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications |
| 7,591 | 35206881 | ICD10CM | E11.8 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications |
| 6,255 | 44827617 | ICD9CM | 250.90 | Diabetes with unspecified complication, type II or unspecified type, not stated as uncontrolled |
| 6,254 | 44827617 | ICD9CM | 250.90 | Diabetes with unspecified complication, type II or unspecified type, not stated as uncontrolled |
| 6,190 | 44827616 | ICD9CM | 250.70 | Diabetes with peripheral circulatory disorders, type II or unspecified type, not stated as uncontrolled |
| 4,957 | 45605403 | ICD10CM | E11.40 | Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified |
| 4,618 | 44826461 | ICD9CM | 250.82 | Diabetes with other specified manifestations, type II or unspecified type, uncontrolled |

Showing 1 to 25 of 616 entries — Previous 1 2 3 4 5 … 25 Next

https://data.ohdsi.org/Covid19CharacterizationCharybdisDiagStrata/

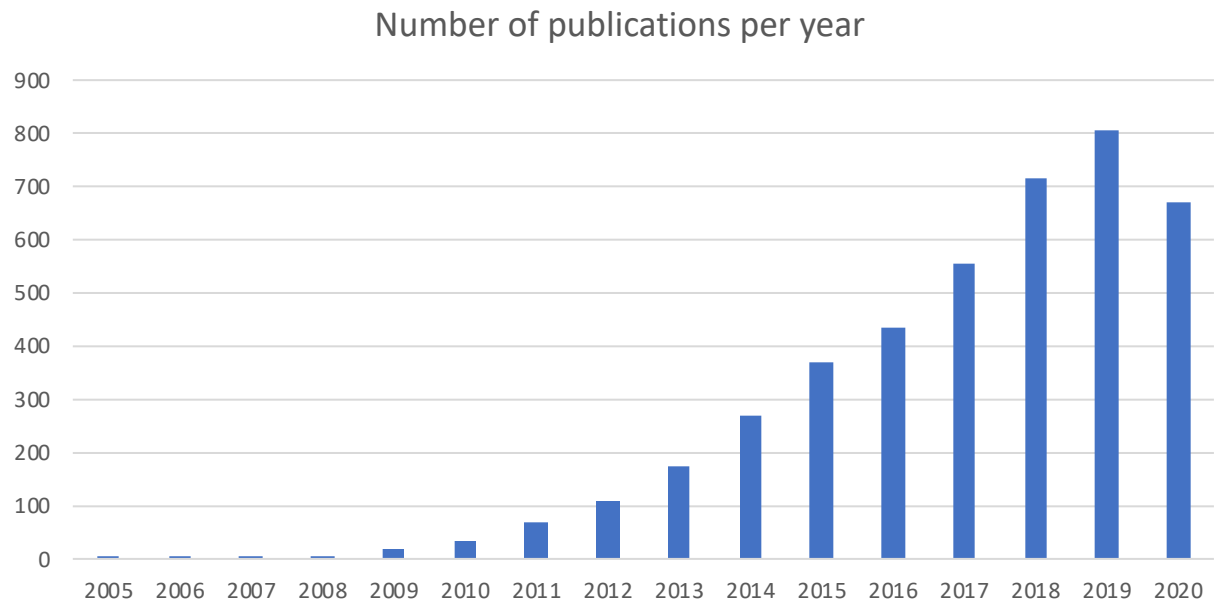
# Using Twitter to characterize the COVID disease natural history and 'life after COVID'

Juan M. Banda

www.panacealab.org

Georgia State University

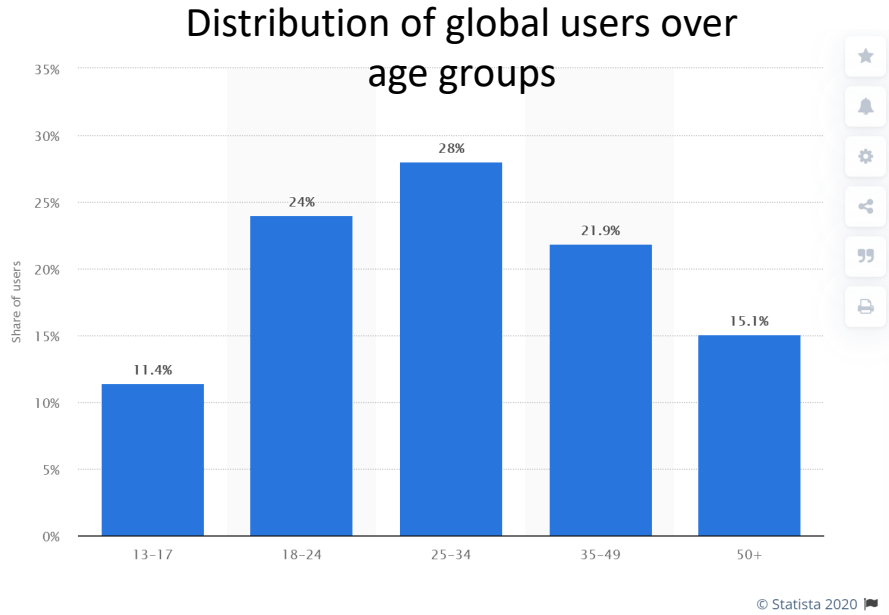
# Preface: Twitter is gaining attention for health-related research since 2009

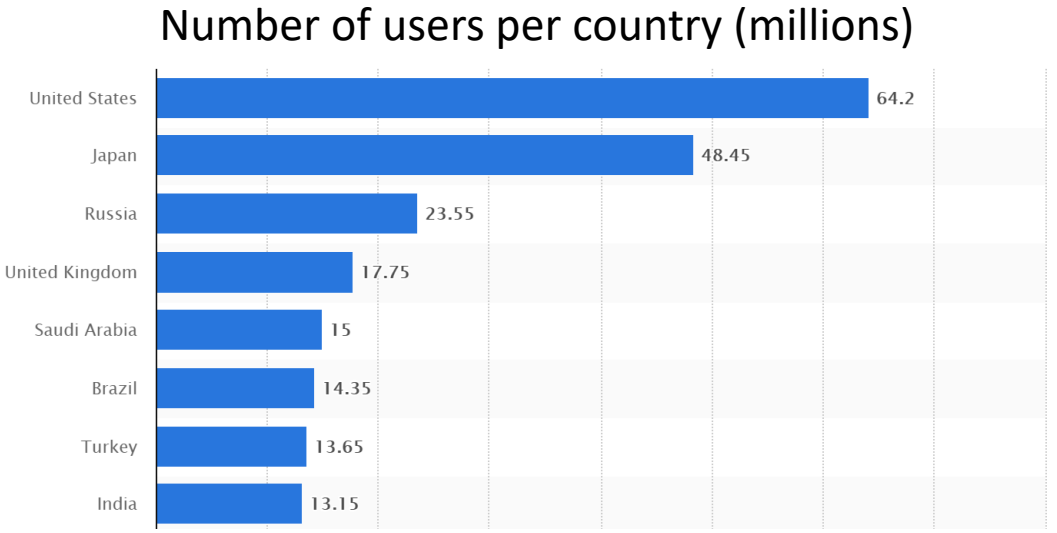



Results of PubMed Query for Twitter and Health

# Benefits of using Twitter:

1) Good population representation
2) Everybody can post and have an account
3) Anonymity = unfiltered opinions
4) Data is freely available*
5) Tons of data generated each day (hundreds of millions of tweets get posted every day)
6) Easy filtering (hashtag usage, people mentions)




https://www.statista.com/statistics/242606/number-of-active-twitter-users-in-selected-countries/

# Traditional disadvantages of using Twitter:

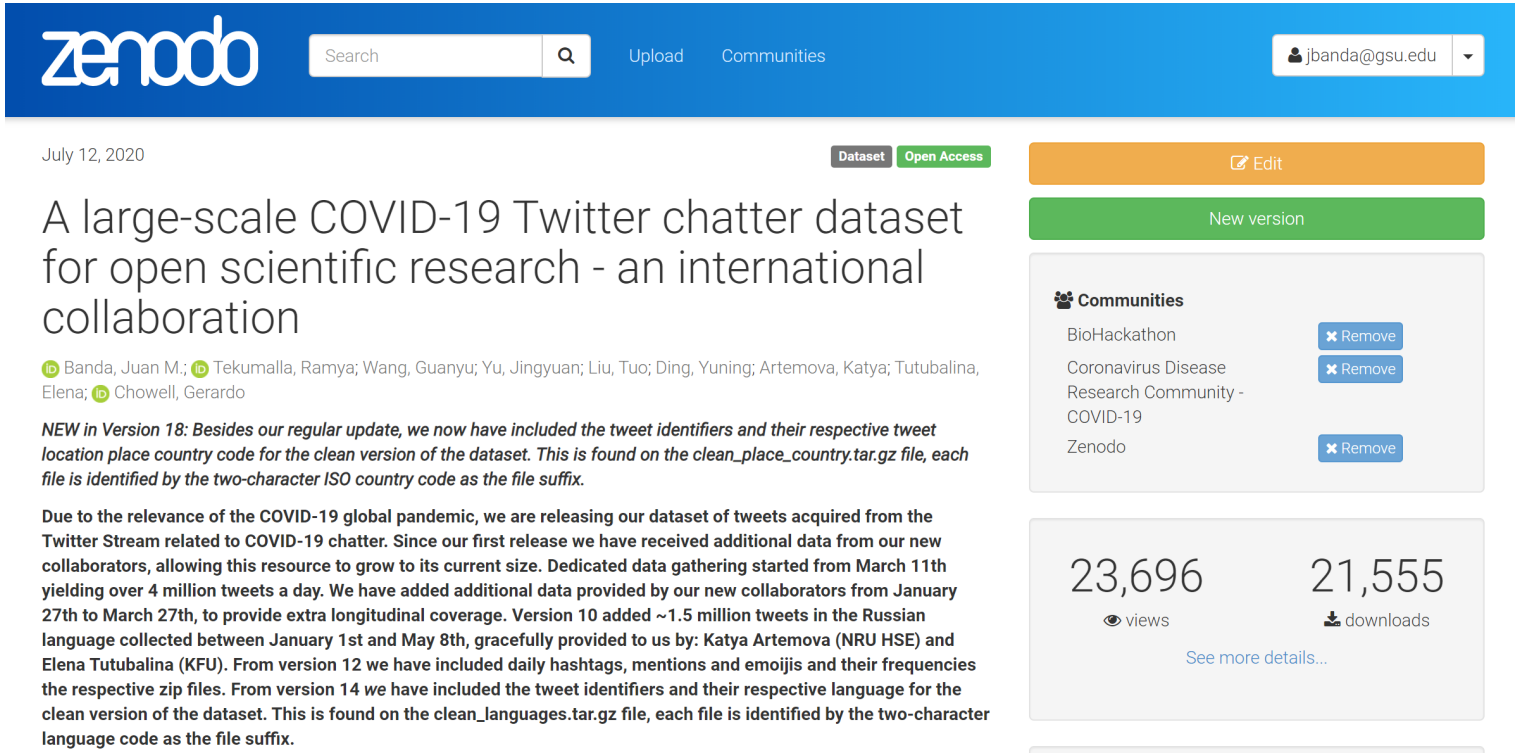
- Messy data (plenty of misspellings, shorthand, emojis, etc.)
  - There are at least 25 different ways people misspell hydroxychloroquine
- Attribution is an issue – are people just mentioning something or did it happen to them?
- Freely available data is only a 1% sample of whole set
- Collection is hard and needs to be ongoing for days/weeks before getting considerable mass

# The COVID opportunity – highly focused data

## The dataset:

- 490+ Million Tweets
- ONLY COVID related chatter is included

Longitudinal – January 27th to today… and growing




Dataset: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3723939

Pre-print: https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.03688

Recent additions: https://github.com/thepanacealab/covid19_twitter

# Current work: Drug characterization

- Methods to deal with misspellings and noisiness of data:

**Table 2. Drug ingredient mentions found**

| Drug Ingredient | Frequency |
|---|---|
| hydroxychloroquine | 204,879 |
| remdesivir | 72,841 |
| chloroquine | 49,915 |
| oxygen | 37,961 |
| vitamin D | 25,445 |
| dexamethasone | 25,142 |
| zinc | 24,843 |
| azithromycin | 16,079 |
| ibuprofen | 8,469 |
| ivermectin | 6,390 |

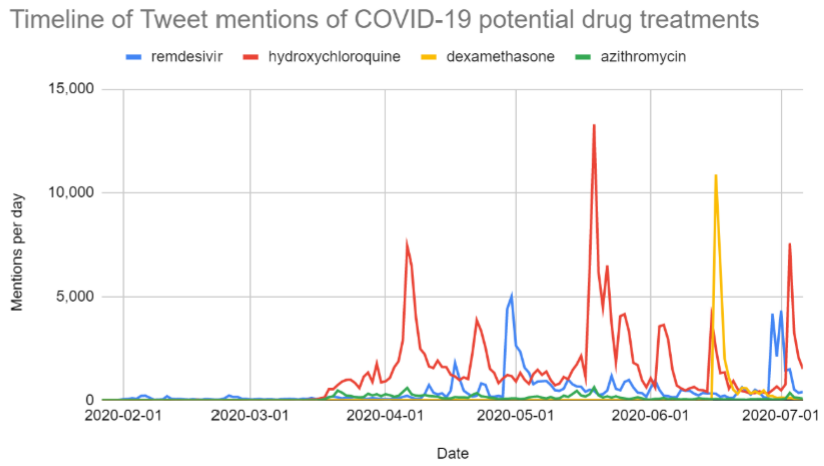



**Figure 1.** Timeline of Tweets with potential drug treatment mentions.

- Charybdis-like characterization over countries (work with Dani Prieto-Alhambra – University of Oxford)

* https://openreview.net/forum?id=qlGPXs9FWa

# Current Work: Symptom/condition detection

- Self-reported symptoms on Twitter vs EHR lists *
  - Can we find related symptoms both found on EHR's (Callahan, A., Steinberg, E., Fries, J.A. et al. Estimating the efficacy of symptom-based screening for COVID-19. npj Digit. Med. 3, 95 (2020). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41746-020-0300-0) but on Twitter?

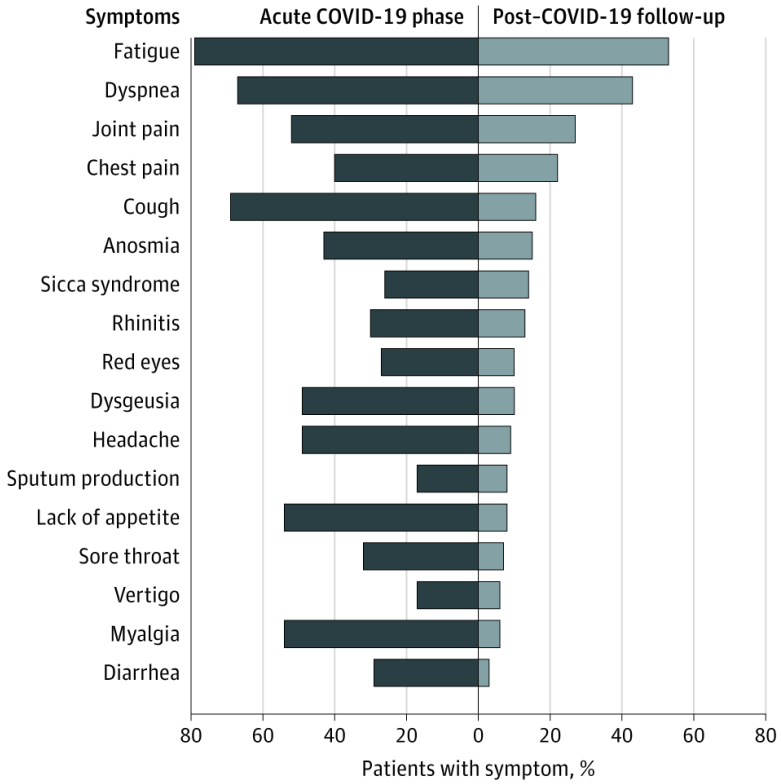
| Term | Frequency |
|---|---|
| pneumonia | 110124 |
| infection | 71882 |
| influenza | 36390 |
| cough | 35753 |
| anxiety | 34658 |
| pain | 12773 |
| depression | 12189 |
| asthma | 8307 |

* https://github.com/thepanacealab/covid19_biohackathon/tree/master/user_symptoms

# What does this lead to?

- Since we can find symptoms and drugs, we can also find people that had COVID and their symptoms after infection!

JAMA doi:10.1001/jama.2020.12603




  - On-going work with Dani Prieto-Alhambra and others
    - Incorporates methods shown before + manual review by clinicians

Some very preliminary findings:

| | |
|---|---|
| fatigue | 789 |
| shortness of breath=dyspnea | 701 |
| chest pain | 687 |
| palpitations | 674 |
| anxiety | 212 |
| post-exertional malaise | 36 |
| Tired = fatigue | 36 |
| muscle pain = myalgia | 35 |

# The gory details:

- Technical stuff:
  - “Building tools and frameworks for large-scale social media mining: Creating data infrastructure for COVID-19 research” **dair.ai meetup 7/22:** https://www.meetup.com/dair-ai/events/271690722/

- Extended version of today’s short talk:
  - “Leveraging the OHDSI vocabulary to characterize the COVID-19 epidemic using Twitter data and NLP” **OHDSI community call 7/21**: https://www.ohdsi.org/web/wiki/doku.php?id=projects:ohdsi_community