

# Semaglutide and NAION

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Research

JAMA Ophthalmology | Original Investigation

## Semaglutide and Nonarteritic Anterior Ischemic Optic Neuropathy

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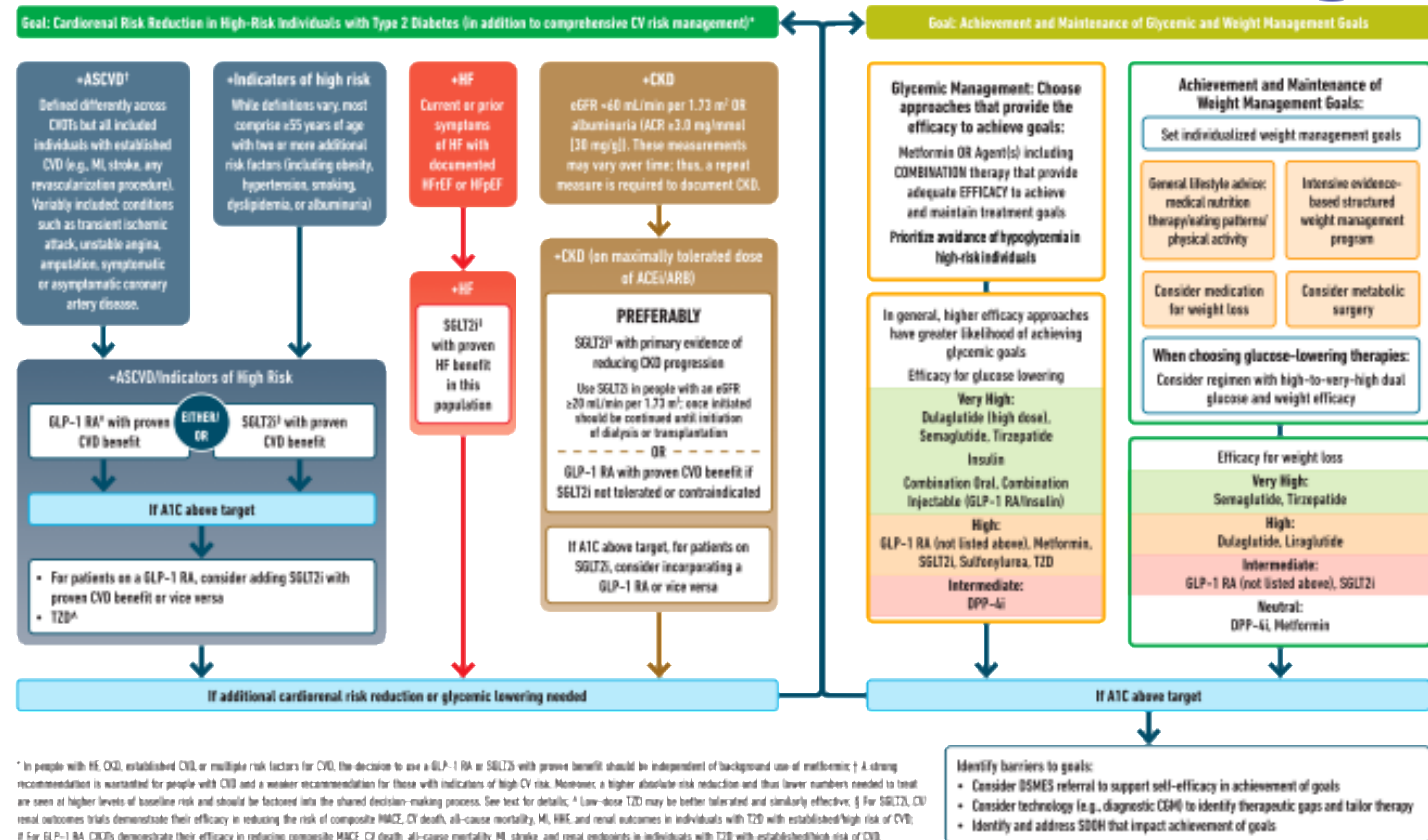
# Semaglutide

- Glucagon-like peptide 1 receptor agonist (GLP-1 RA)
- Benefits in reducing cardiovascular and kidney complications
- Recommended by the ADA as a preferred treatment for T2DM patients with: atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, chronic kidney disease, or obesity

## USE OF GLUCOSE-LOWERING MEDICATIONS IN THE MANAGEMENT OF TYPE 2 DIABETES



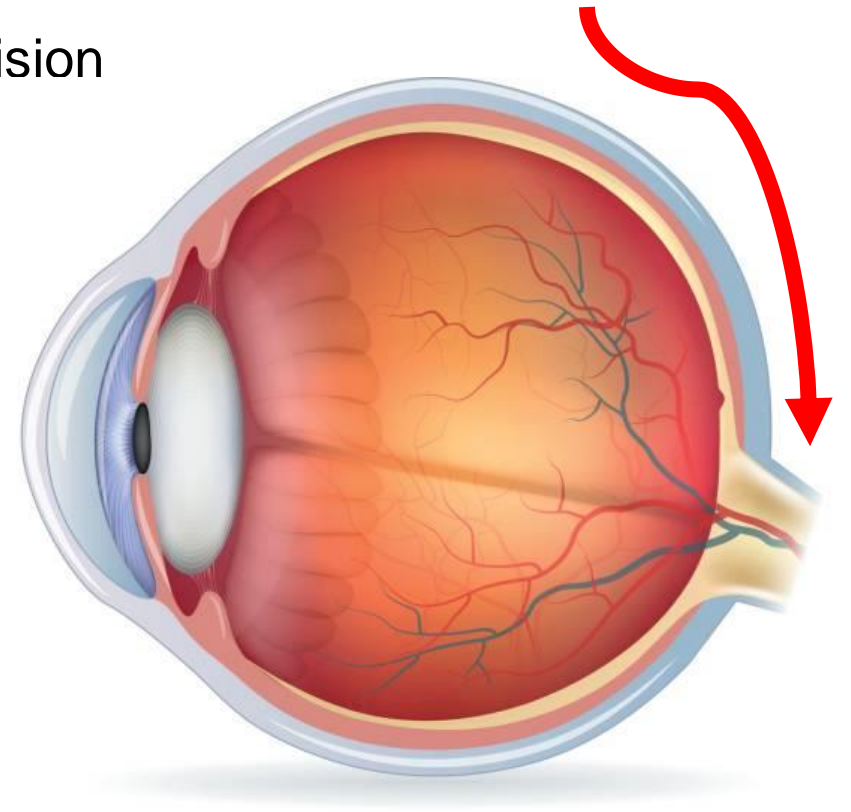
HEALTHY LIFESTYLE BEHAVIORS; DIABETES SELF-MANAGEMENT EDUCATION AND SUPPORT (DSMES); SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH (SDOH)



# Nonarteritic Anterior Ischemic Optic Neuropathy (NAION)

- Leading cause of acute optic neuropathy in the elderly
- Significant cause of blindness: 1/4 eyes 20/200 or worse vision
- No definitive treatments

**NAION = stroke of the optic nerve**





# Risk of Nonarteritic Anterior Ischemic Optic Neuropathy in Patients Prescribed Semaglutide

Jimena Tatiana Hathaway, MD, MPH; Madhura P. Shah, BS; David B. Hathaway, MD; Seyedeh Maryam Zekavat, MD, PhD; Drenushe Krasniqi, BA; John W. Gittinger Jr, MD; Dean Cestari, MD; Robert Mallery, MD; Bardia Abbasi, MD; Marc Bouffard, MD; Bart K. Chwalisz, MD; Tais Estrela, MD; Joseph F. Rizzo III, MD

Published online July 3, 2024

- Cumulative incidence of NAION for the semaglutide and non–GLP-1 RA cohorts over 36 months was **8.9%** (95% CI, 4.5%-13.1%) and 1.8% (95% CI, 0%-3.5%), respectively
- Hazard Ratio of NAION **4.28** (95% CI: 1.62 – 11.29,  $P < .001$ ) (compared with non-GLP-1 RA)

**Limitations:** single academic institution, major referral center for NAION

“The best approaches to **confirm, refute, or refine** our findings would be to conduct a **much larger, retrospective, multicenter population-based cohort study**; a prospective, randomized clinical study; or a postmarket analysis of all GLP-1 RA drugs.”



# OHDSI

OBSERVATIONAL HEALTH DATA SCIENCES AND INFORMATICS

## Purpose of OHDSI Network Study:

- Characterize NAION incidence
- Association of NAION with semaglutide use
  - Compare the risk of NAION associated with semaglutide use against other GLP-1RAs and non-GLP-1RA drugs
  - Investigate NAION incidence rate during semaglutide exposure compared with non-exposure





# OHDSI

OBSERVATIONAL HEALTH DATA SCIENCES AND INFORMATICS

Date	
July 3, 2024 (Wednesday)	Hathaway et al. study published online in JAMA Ophthalmology
July 9, 2024 (Tuesday)	Network Study announce at OHDSI Community Call
July 11, 2024 (Thursday)	Discussion at Eye Care and Vision Research WG
July 12, 2024 (Friday)	Meeting about Phenotypes
July 17, 2024 (Wednesday)	Finalized Protocol
August 9, 2024 (Friday)	Deadline for Data Partners to Contribute



4.5 weeks

# OHDSI Community Infrastructure

- Engaged community members through the Eye Care and Vision Research Work Group
- OHDSI Evidence Network
- Suite of pre-built analytics: HADES

Analytic use case	Type	Structure	Example
Clinical characterization	Disease Natural History	Amongst patients who are diagnosed with <insert your favorite disease>, what are the patient's characteristics from their medical history?	Amongst patients with <b>rheumatoid arthritis</b> , what are their demographics (age, gender), prior conditions, medications, and health service utilization behaviors?
	Treatment utilization	Amongst patients who have <insert your favorite disease>, which treatments were patients exposed to amongst <list of treatments for disease> and in which sequence?	Amongst patients with <b>depression</b> , which treatments were patients exposed to <b>SSRI, SNRI, TCA, bupropion, esketamine</b> and in which sequence?
	Outcome incidence	Amongst patients who are new users of <insert your favorite drug>, how many patients experienced <insert your favorite known adverse event from the drug profile> within <time horizon following exposure start>?	Amongst patients who are new users of <b>methylphenidate</b> , how many patients experienced <b>psychosis</b> within 1 year of initiating treatment?
Population-level effect estimation	Safety surveillance	Does exposure to <insert your favorite drug> increase the risk of experiencing <insert an adverse event> within <time horizon following exposure start>?	Does exposure to <b>ACE inhibitor</b> increase the risk of experiencing <b>Angioedema</b> within 1 month after exposure start?
	Comparative effectiveness	Does exposure to <insert your favorite drug> have a different risk of experiencing <insert any outcome (safety or benefit)> within <time horizon following exposure start>, relative to <insert your comparator treatment>?	Does exposure to <b>ACE inhibitor</b> have a different risk of experiencing <b>acute myocardial infarction</b> while on treatment, relative to <b>thiazide diuretic</b> ?
Patient level prediction	progression	<insert your favorite disease>, what is the probability that they will go on to have <another disease or related complication> within <time horizon from diagnosis>?	<b>fibrillation</b> , what is the probability that they will go onto to have <b>ischemic stroke</b> in next 3 years?
	Treatment response	For a given patient who is a new user of <insert your favorite chronically-used drug>, what is the probability that they will <insert desired effect> in <time window>?	For a given patient with <b>T2DM who start on metformin</b> , what is the probability that they will <b>maintain HbA1C&lt;6.5%</b> after 3 years?
	Treatment safety	For a given patient who is a new user of <insert your favorite drug>, what is the probability that they will experience <insert adverse event> within <time horizon following exposure>?	For a given patients who is a <b>new user of warfarin</b> , what is the probability that they will have <b>GI bleed</b> in 1 year?

Semaglutide  
NAION





## Administrative Claims Databases (6)

Merative MarketScan Medicare Supplemental and Coordination of Benefits Database (MDCR)

Merative MarketScan Commercial Claims and Encounters Database (CCAE)

Merative MarketScan Multi-State Medicaid Database (MDCD)

IQVIA Open Claims (IQVIA)

Optum Clinformatics Data Mart - Extended Data Mart – Socioeconomic Status (Optum Extended SES)

PharMetrics Plus

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## Electronic Health Record Databases (8)

Optum de-identified Electronic Health Record data set (Optum EHR)

Johns Hopkins Medical Enterprise (JHME)

Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)

Columbia University Medical Center (CUMC)

Keck Medical Center of University of Southern California (USC)

Oregon Health & Science University (OHSU)

Stanford University (STARR)

Washington University (WashU)

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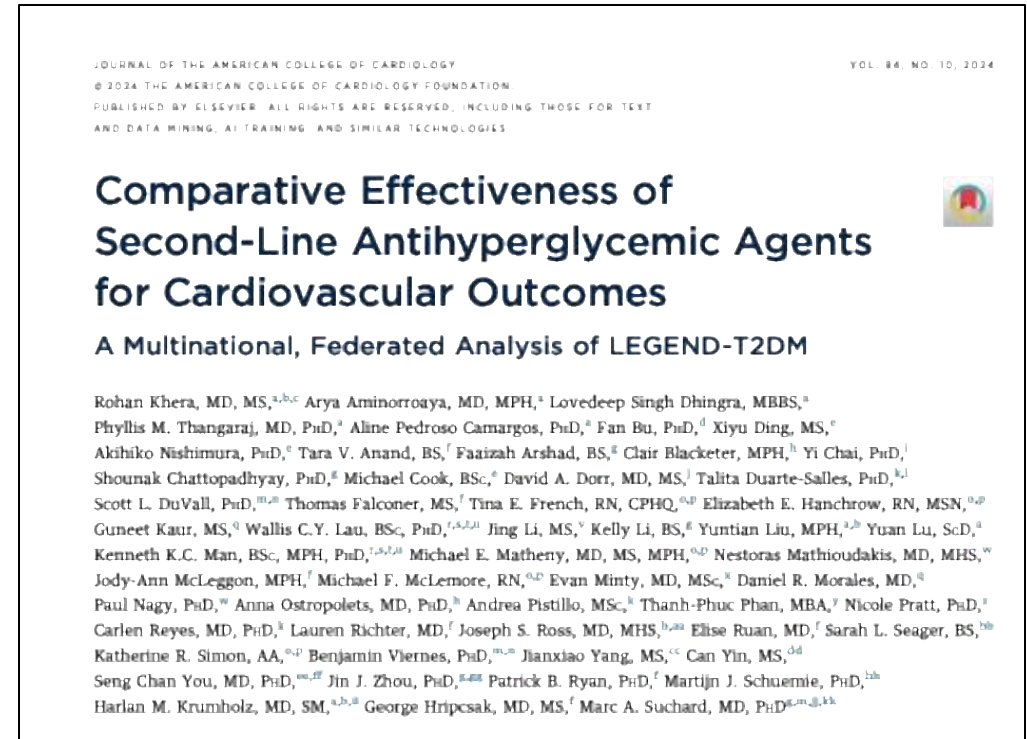
# Build upon a prior OHDSI Network Study: LEGEND-T2DM

## Indication Cohort:

-T2DM, exclude T1DM

## Drug exposures:

Semaglutide (GLP-1 RA)	Dulaglutide (GLP-1 RA)	Exenatide (GLP-1 RA)	Empagliflozin (SGLT2 inhibitor)	Sitagliptin (DPP4 inhibitor)	Glipizide (sulfonylurea)
GLP-1 RA			Non-GLP-1 RA		



# Defining NAION

## Mobilized the Eye Care and Vision Research Workgroup

- Lack of structured diagnosis codes for NAION
  - 40% of cases coded as ION are not NAION

### Outcome Cohorts (NAION):

“Sensitive” NAION -require 1 ION condition	“Specific” NAION -require 2 ION condition
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ION diagnosis codes, diagnosis date adjustments (visual field defect, optic disc disorder, optic neuritis, optic disc edema), exclude patients with GCA (x2), exclude patients with traumatic optic neuropathy

# Analysis Methods

Study start and study end: Dec 2017 to Dec 2023

New-user active-comparator cohort design

- New-users** of the second-line medications: prior metformin monotherapy, no other prior comparator diabetes medications, 365 days prior observation period, and at most 30 days of insulin exposure
- Compare HR of NAION between drug exposures
- Large-scale **propensity score** models, groups were 1:1 propensity matched
- Cox proportional hazards model**

Self-controlled case-series

- Cases of T2DM and NAION (diagnosed after first 365 days of observation period): **patient serves as their own control**
- Compare **IRR** of NAION between drug exposure versus control time during observation period
- Exposure time: continuous drug exposure
- Control time: observation time when patient had T2DM and excluded first 365 days of observation period
- Poisson regression model**
- Pre-exposure window: 30 days before exposure

Semaglutide (GLP-1 RA)	Dulaglutide (GLP-1 RA)	Exenatide (GLP-1 RA)	Empagliflozin (SGLT2 inhibitor)	Sitagliptin (DPP4 inhibitor)	Glipizide (sulfonylurea)
GLP-1 RA			Non-GLP-1 RA		

Only databases and comparisons that pass a rigorous set of study diagnostics contribute to HR and IRR estimates

# Incidence Proportion and Rate of NAION

	T2DM	Semaglutide (GLP-1 RA)	Dulaglutide (GLP-1 RA)	Exenatide (GLP-1 RA)	Empagliflozi n (SGLT2 inhibitor)	Sitagliptin (DPP4 inhibitor)	Glipizide (sulfonylurea )
Sample Size	37.1M	810390	326282	25936	715802	493563	832295
Incidence Proportion (per 100K persons)	78.3 / 32	7.1 / 4.2	7.9 / 3.2	0 / 0	10.4 / 4	12.3 / 4.8	18 / 8.7
Incidence Rate (per 100K person- years)	41 / 16.8	14.5 / 8.7	13.4 / 4.2	0 / 0	13.7 / 5.2	15.1 / 5.9	21.2 / 10.4

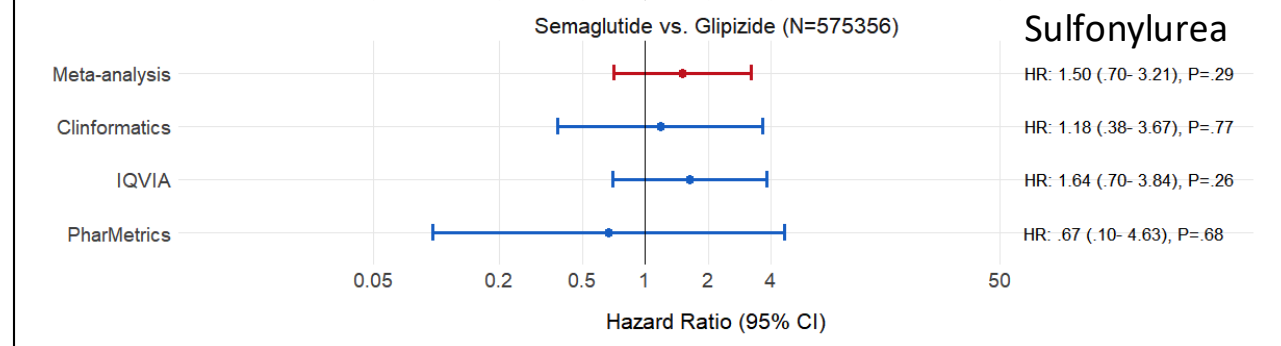
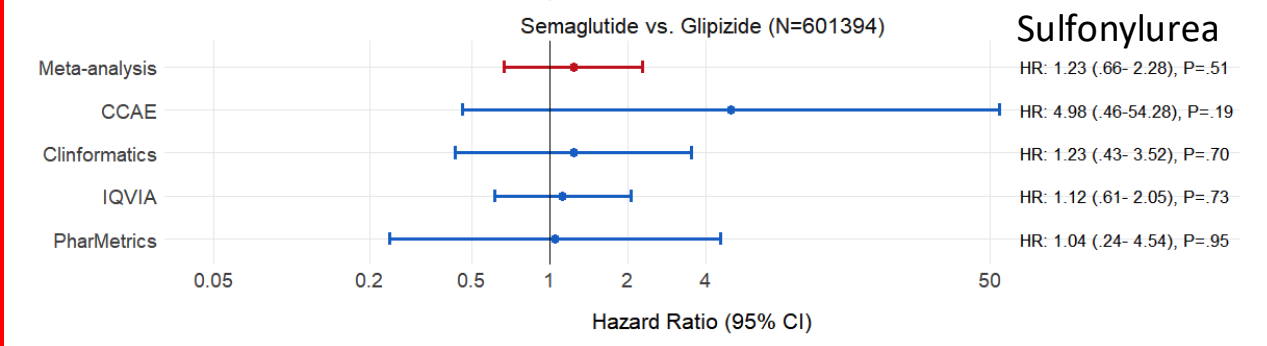
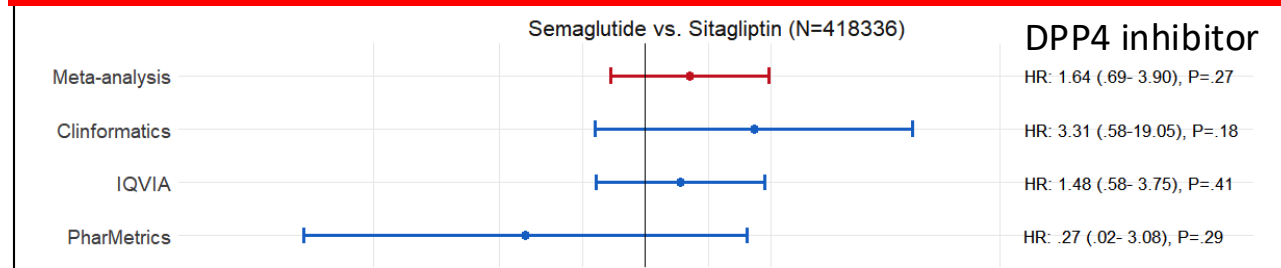
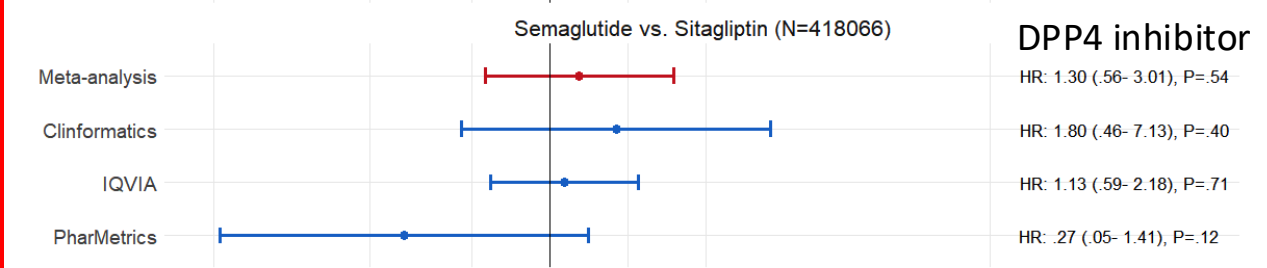
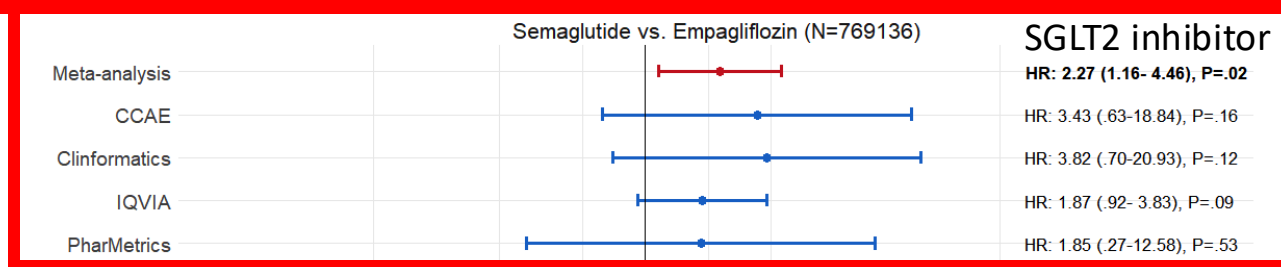
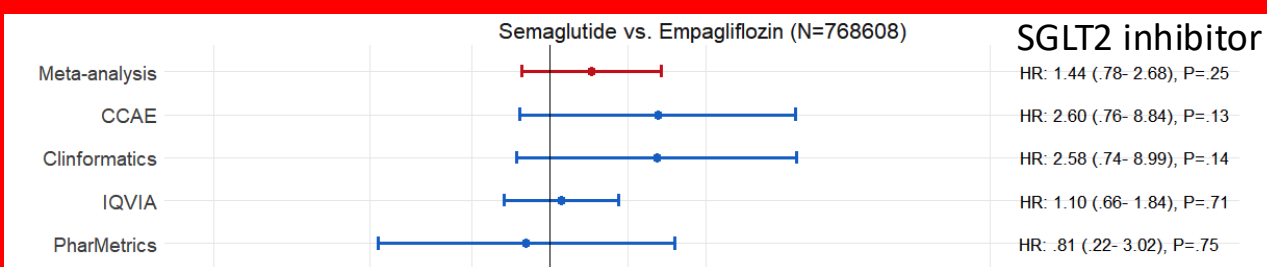
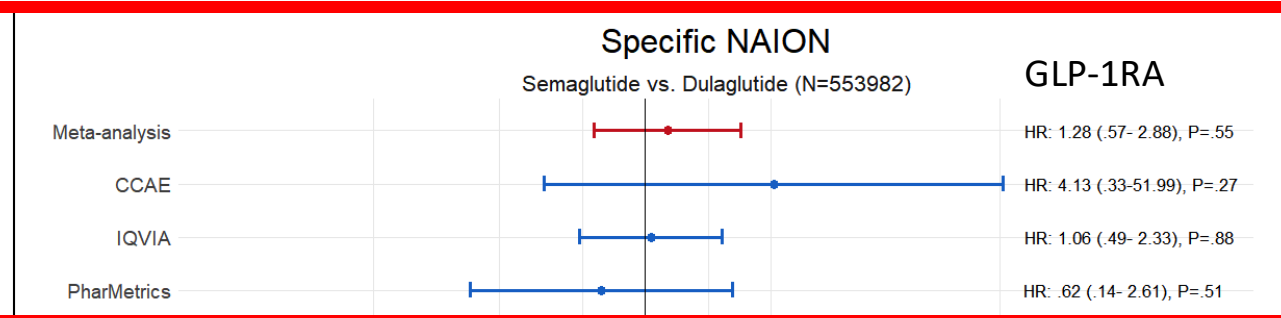
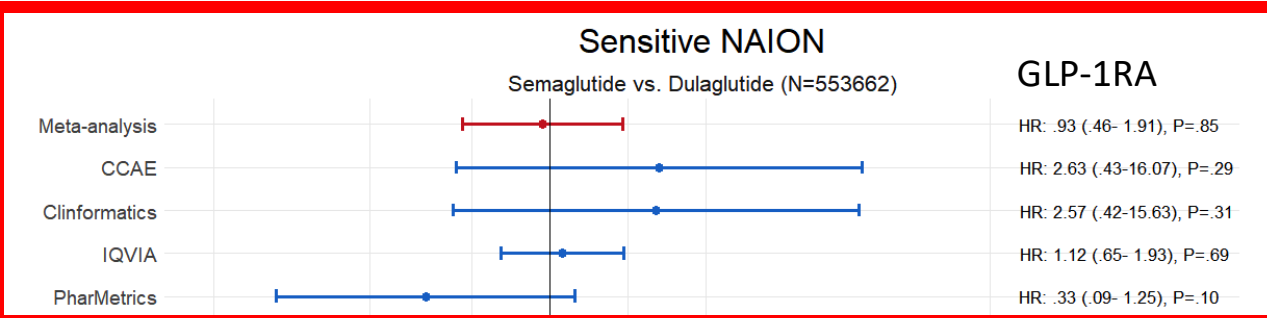
Sensitive NAION

Specific NAION

Historically, 2.3 to 11.4 (as high as 82) per 100,000 persons



# New-user active-comparator cohort design



0.05 0.2 0.5 1 2 4 50

Hazard Ratio (95% CI)

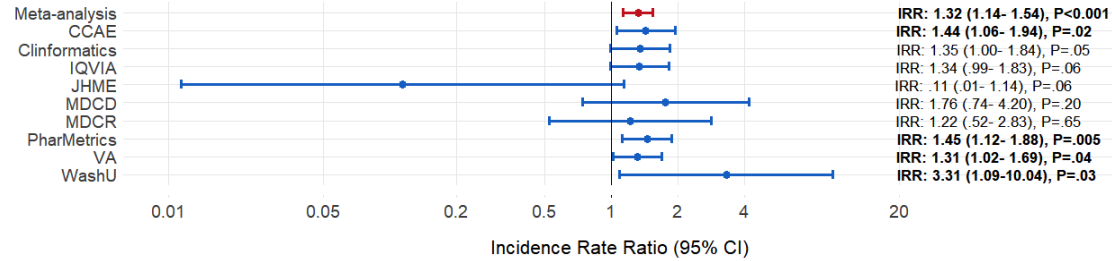
0.05 0.2 0.5 1 2 4 50

Hazard Ratio (95% CI)

# Self-controlled case-series

## Sensitive NAION

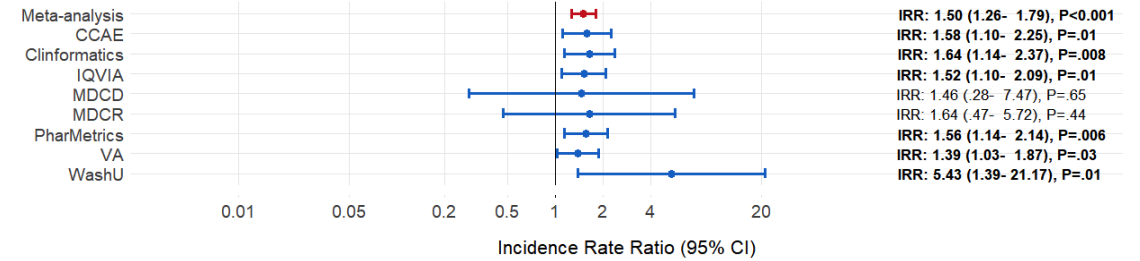
Semaglutide (N=38650)



Meta-analysis IRR 1.32

## Specific NAION

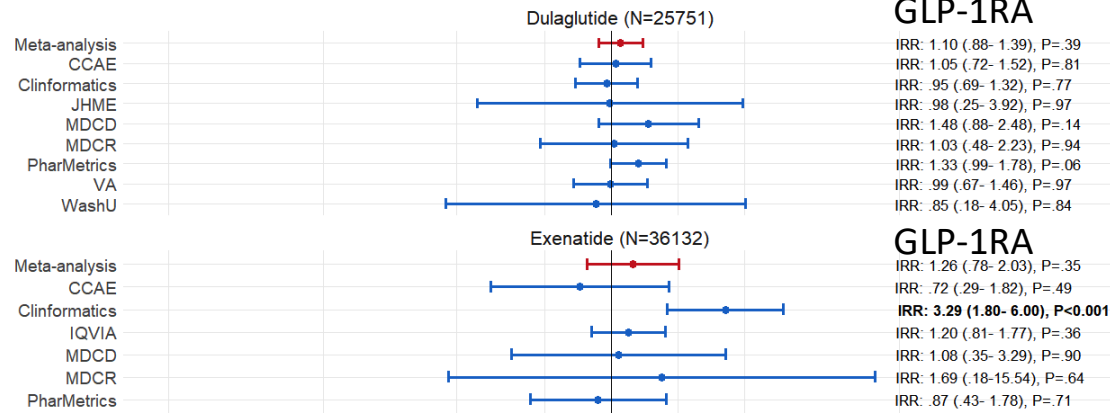
Semaglutide (N=21912)



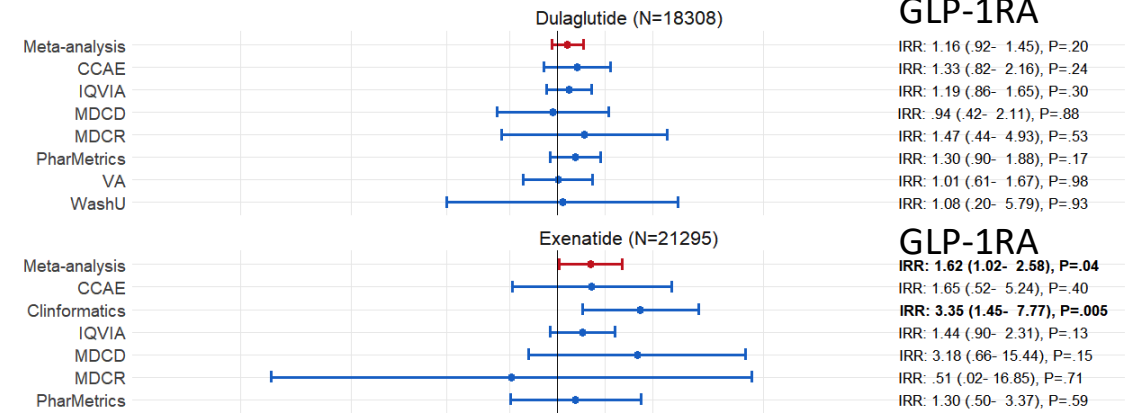
Meta-analysis IRR 1.50

# Self-controlled case-series

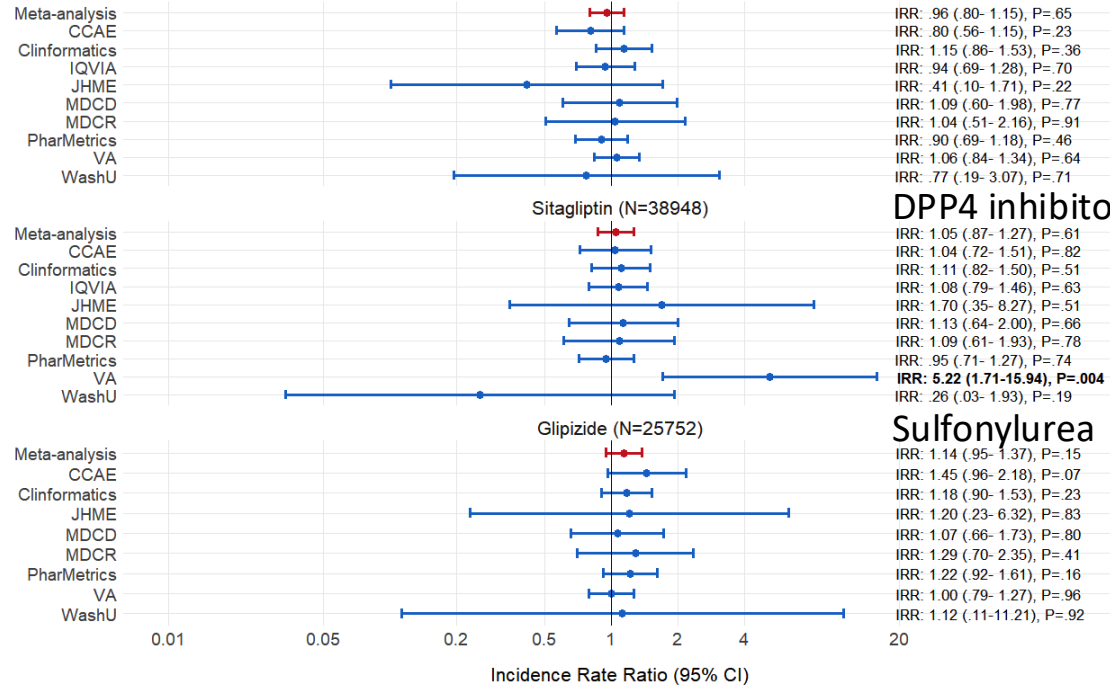
## Sensitive NAION



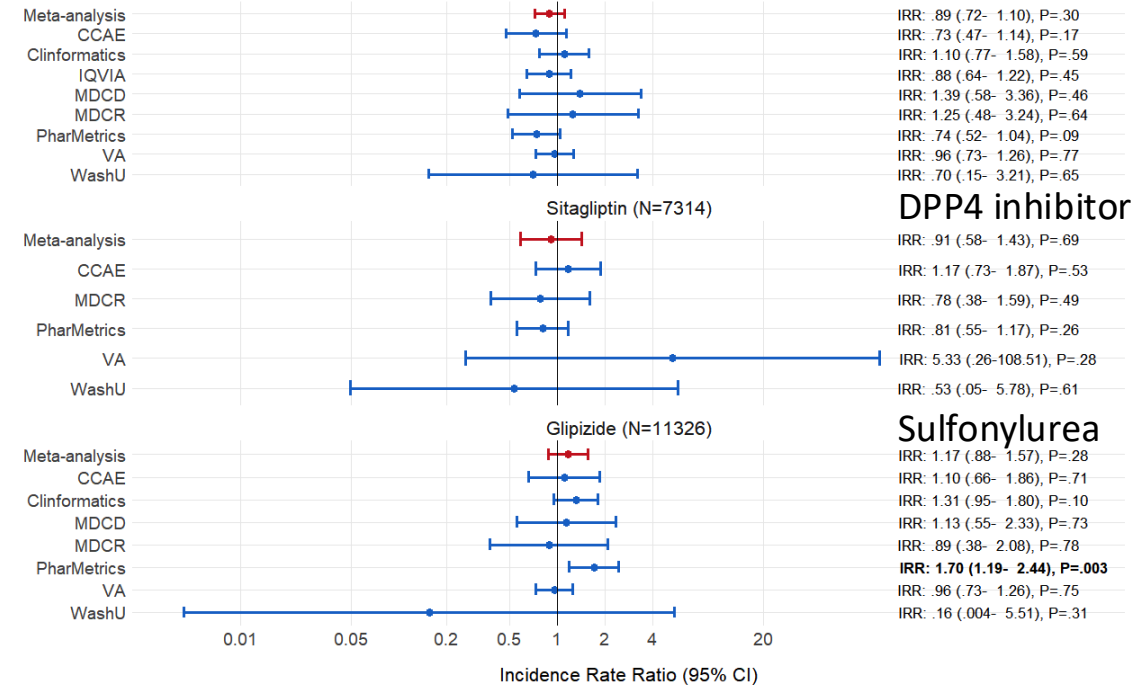
## Specific NAION



## Sensitive SGLT2 inhibitor



## Specific SGLT2 inhibitor



0.01

0.05

0.2

0.5

1

2

4

20

Incidence Rate Ratio (95% CI)

0.01

0.05

0.2

0.5

1

2

4

20

Incidence Rate Ratio (95% CI)

# Conclusion

- Small increased risk of NAION among T2DM patients exposed to semaglutide
  - Much smaller than previously reported
- Additional studies should incorporate ophthalmic risk factors (e.g., cup-to-disc ratio)
- Weigh concern for NAION with therapeutic benefits of semaglutide

Letter to the Editor

## Real-World Evidence Assessment of the Risk of Nonarteritic Anterior Ischemic Optic Neuropathy in Patients Prescribed Semaglutide

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1–2  
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David C. Klonoff, MD, FACP, FRCP (Edin), Fellow AIMBE<sup>1</sup>,  
Gavin Hui, MD<sup>2</sup>, and Saurabh Gombar, MD, PhD<sup>2,3</sup>



AMERICAN ACADEMY  
OF OPHTHALMOLOGY®

## Association between Semaglutide and Nonarteritic Anterior Ischemic Optic Neuropathy

*A Multinational Population-Based Study*

Chien-Chih Chou, MD, PhD,<sup>1,2,3</sup> Ssu-Yu Pan, MD,<sup>1,2</sup> Yi-Jing Sheen, MD, PhD,<sup>1,3,4,5</sup> Jun-Fu Lin, MS,<sup>6</sup>  
Chung-Heng Lin, PhD,<sup>6,7,8,9</sup> Hsi-Ju Lin, MD, PhD,<sup>10,11</sup> I-Jong Wang, MD, PhD,<sup>12,13</sup>  
Chien-Hsiang Weng, MD, MPH<sup>14,15</sup>

## The Effect of Semaglutide and GLP-1 RAs on Risk of Nonarteritic Anterior Ischemic Optic Neuropathy



NADIA J. ABBASS, RAYA NAHLAWI, JACQUELINE K. SHAIA, KEVIN C. ALLAN, DAVID C. KAELEBER,  
KATHERINE E. TALCOTT, AND RISHI P. SINGH

Research

JAMA Ophthalmology | Original Investigation

## Semaglutide and Nonarteritic Anterior Ischemic Optic Neuropathy Risk Among Patients With Diabetes

Alan Y. Hsu, MD; Hou-Ting Kuo, MD; Yu-Hsun Wang, MS; Chun-Ju Lin, MD; Yi-Ching Shao, MD;  
Chun-Chi Chiang, MD, PhD; Ning-Yi Hsia, MD; Chun-Ting Lai, MD; Hsin Tseng, MD; Bing-Qi Wu, MD;  
Huan-Sheng Chen, MD; Yi-Yu Tsai, MD, PhD; Min-Yen Hsu, MD, PhD; James Cheng-Chung Wei, MD, PhD

RESEARCH

Open Access

## Once-weekly semaglutide doubles the five-year risk of nonarteritic anterior ischemic optic neuropathy in a Danish cohort of 424,152 persons with type 2 diabetes

Jakob Grauslund<sup>1,2,3\*</sup>, Andreas Abou Taha<sup>1,2†</sup>, Laleh Dehghani Molander<sup>1</sup>, Ryo Kawasaki<sup>2,4</sup>, Sören Möller<sup>2,5</sup>,  
Kurt Højlund<sup>2,3</sup> and Lonny Stokholm<sup>2,5</sup>

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

WILEY

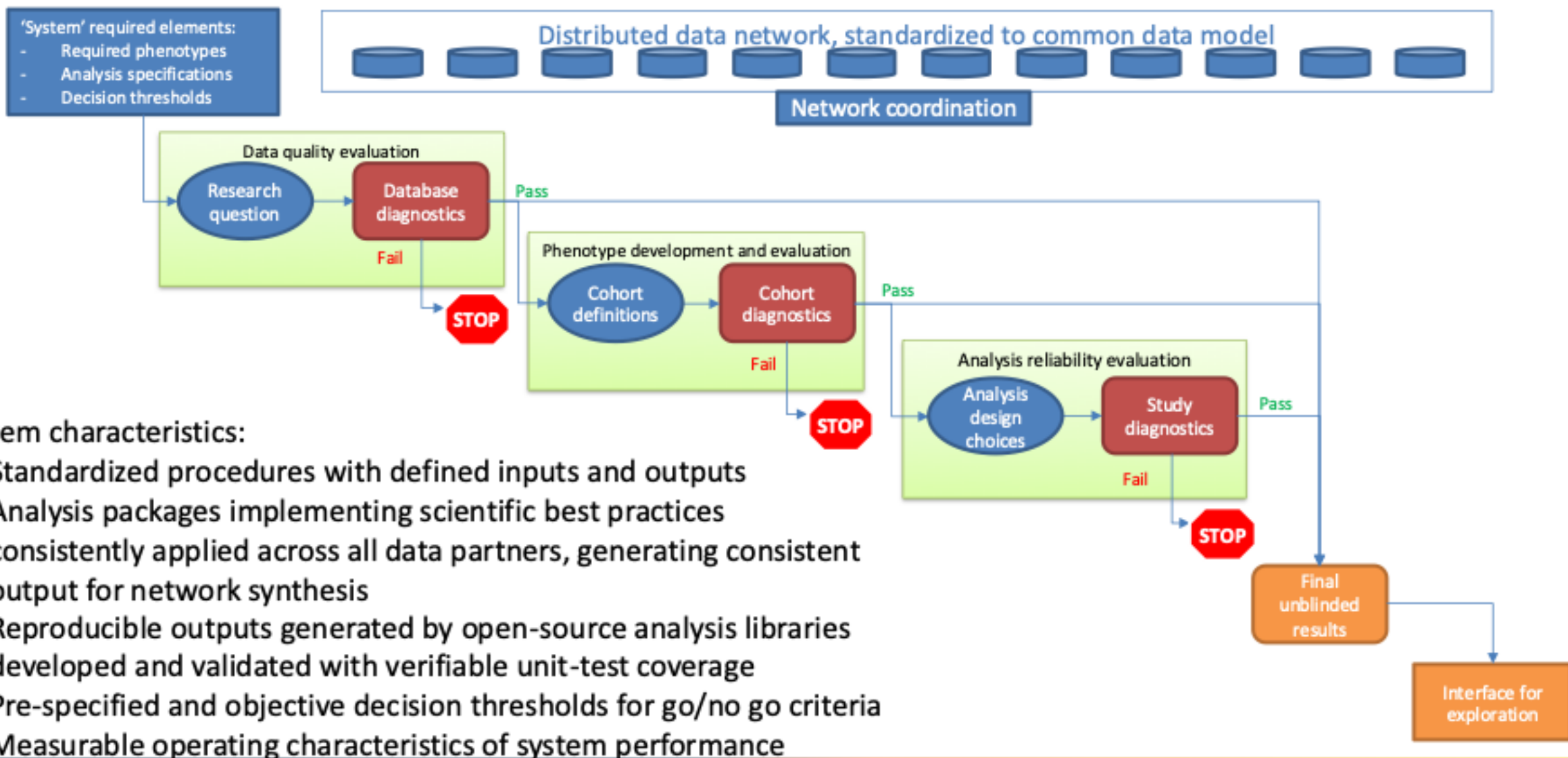
## Use of semaglutide and risk of non-arteritic anterior ischemic optic neuropathy: A Danish–Norwegian cohort study

Emma Simonsen MD<sup>1</sup> | Lars Christian Lund PhD<sup>1</sup> |  
Martin Thomsen Ernst MSc<sup>1</sup> | Vidar Hjellvik PhD<sup>2</sup> | Laszlo Hegedüs DMSc<sup>3,4</sup> |  
Steffen Hamann PhD<sup>5,6</sup> | Øystein Kalsnes Jørstad PhD<sup>7,8</sup> |  
Hanne Løvdal Gulseth PhD<sup>2</sup> | Øystein Karlstad PhD<sup>2</sup> | Anton Pottegård DMSc<sup>1</sup>





# Engineering open science systems that build trust into the real-world evidence generation and dissemination process



Invited Commentary

## Semaglutide and Risk of NAION—Additional Insights

Joseph F. Rizzo III, MD; Jimena Tatiana Hathaway, MD, MPH

**“...should be congratulated** on conducting a **thoughtful and well-designed study** that advances our knowledge about a relatively small risk associated with semaglutide, at least among patients with T2D.”

Research

JAMA Ophthalmology | Original Investigation

## Semaglutide and Nonarteritic Anterior Ischemic Optic Neuropathy

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