

Semiautomatic mapping of a national drug terminology to standardised OMOP drug concepts using publicly available supplementary information

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Why was this work done?

Possibilities of joining OMOP in Austria (with drug data):



map the drugs by hand
(ASP-Liste: 19 273 drug concepts)



accept that there is only an
ATC mapping



use the DrugMapping Tool by
OHDSI → only Clinical Drug class



Invent a method
and map them
semi-automatically

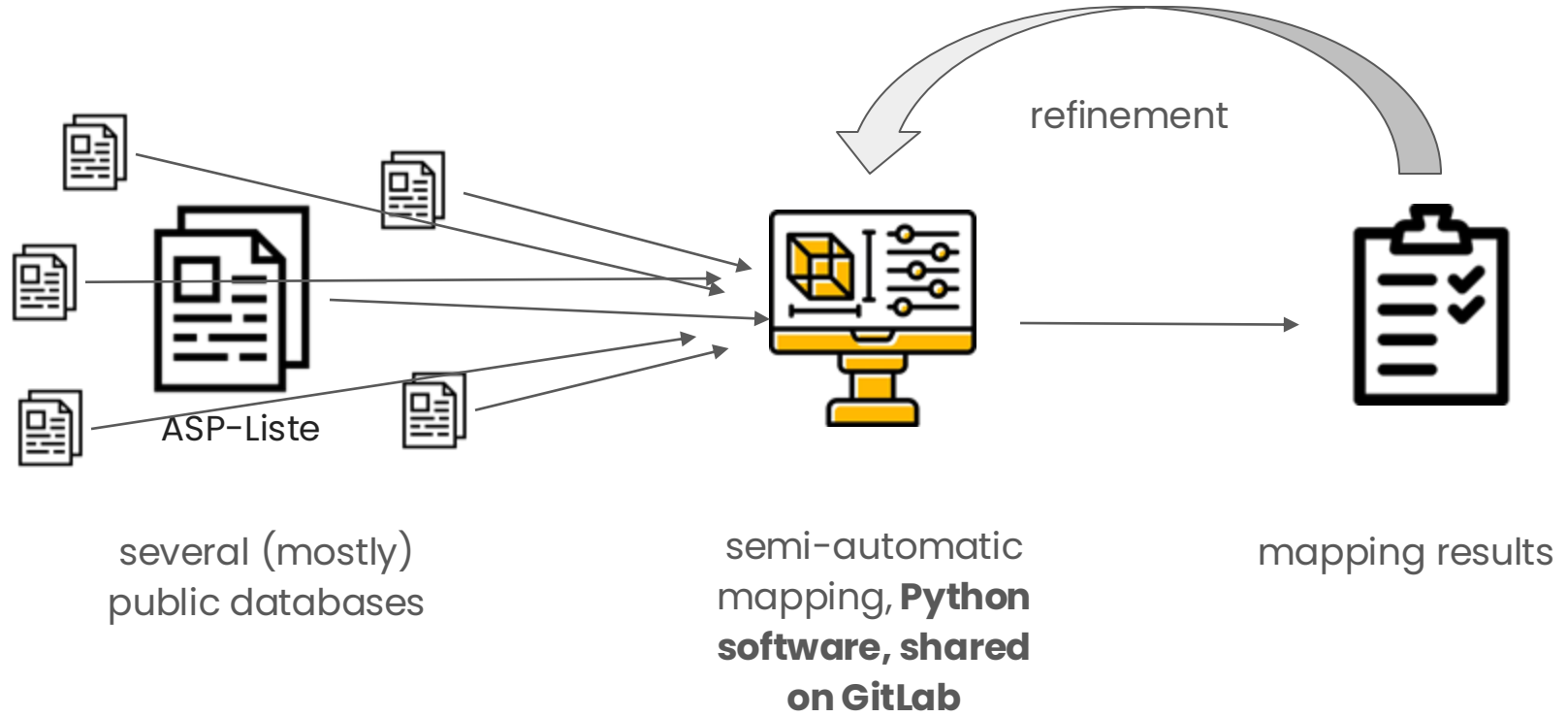


ATC
mapping

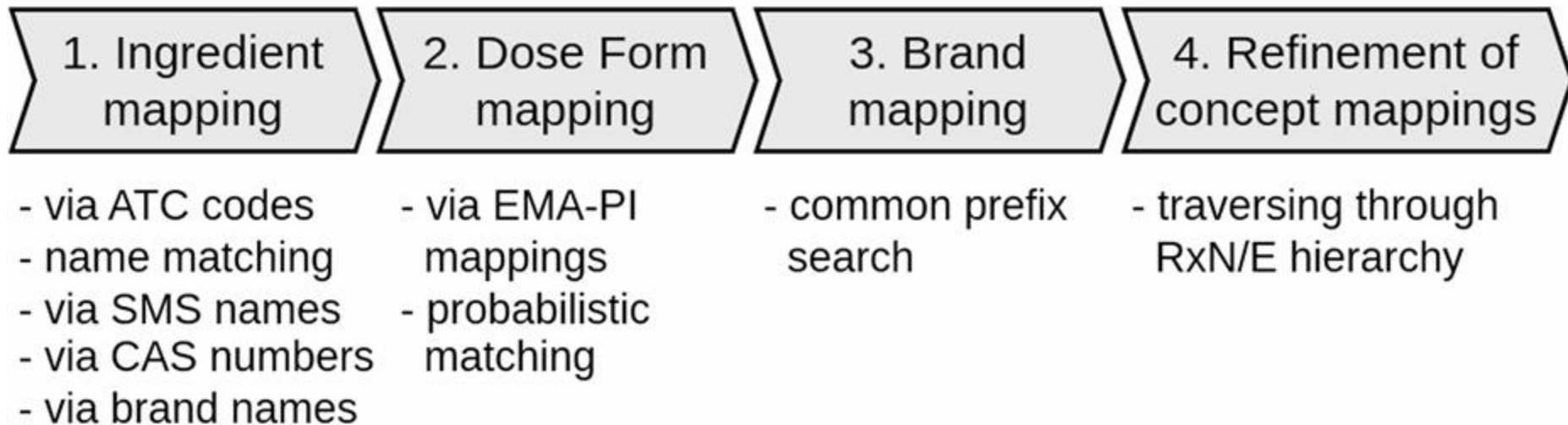


Semi-automated
mapping

Methods

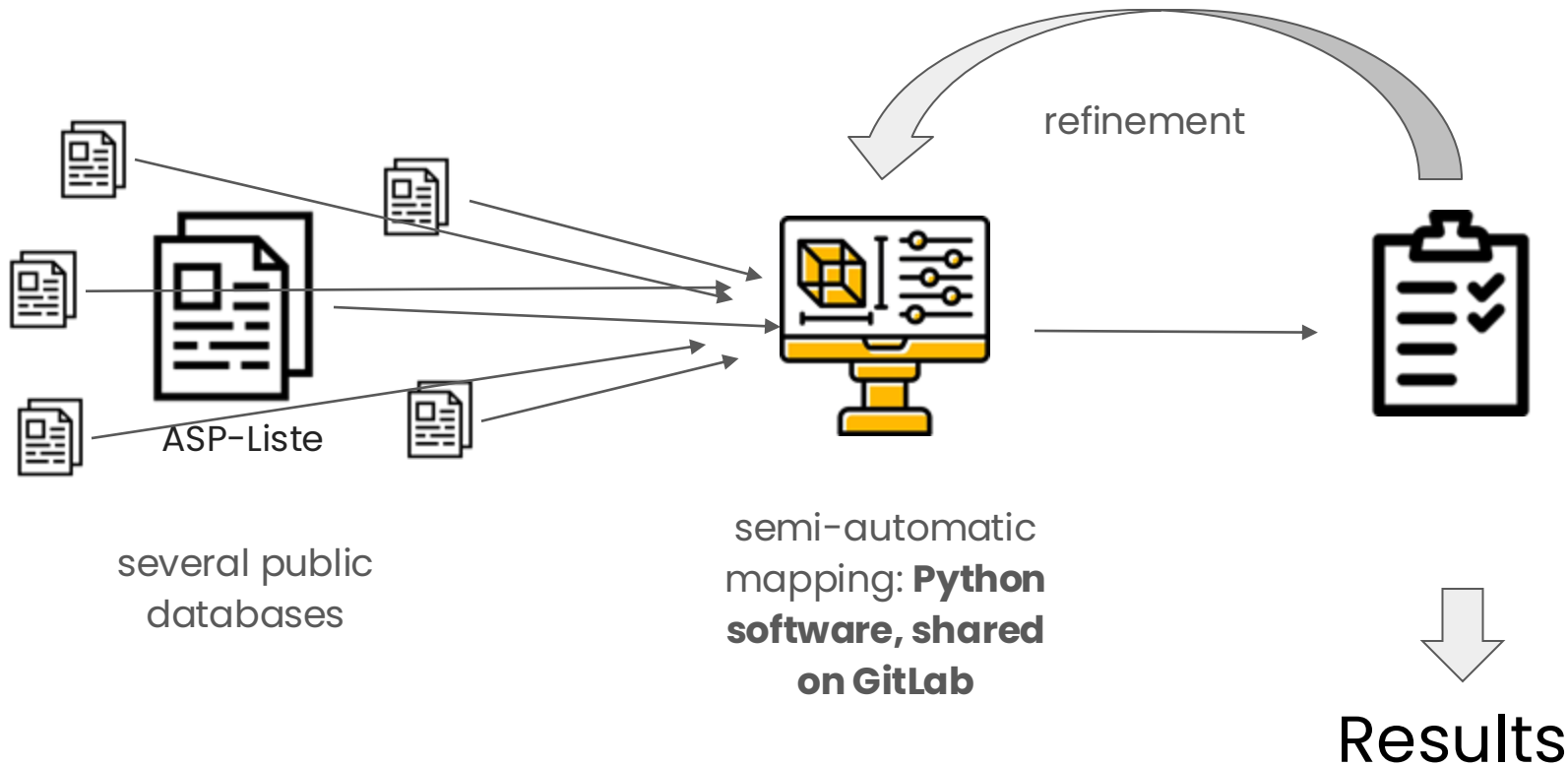


Mapping sequence



SMS - substance
translations by European
Medicines agency
CAS - Chemical Abstract
Service Registry Number

EMA-PI: European
Medicines Agency
Product Information



95% drug concepts mapped, Usagi-styled CSV file
→ does not work well: herbal medicines, blood substitutes



Great, I would love to use it!

Happy to hear!

But where can I find publicly available data, which is structured enough?






EURIPID database for mutual sharing of prices of medicines

| | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
|  Albania |  Austria |  Belgium |  Bulgaria |
|  Croatia |  Cyprus |  Czech Republic |  Denmark |
|  Estonia |  Finland |  France |  Greece |
|  Hungary |  Iceland |  Ireland |  Israel |
|  Italy |  Latvia |  Lithuania |  Malta |
|  Netherlands |  Norway |  Poland |  Portugal |
|  Romania |  Slovakia |  Slovenia |  Spain |
|  Sweden |  Switzerland |  United Kingdom | |

470 000 medicinal products, 31 countries

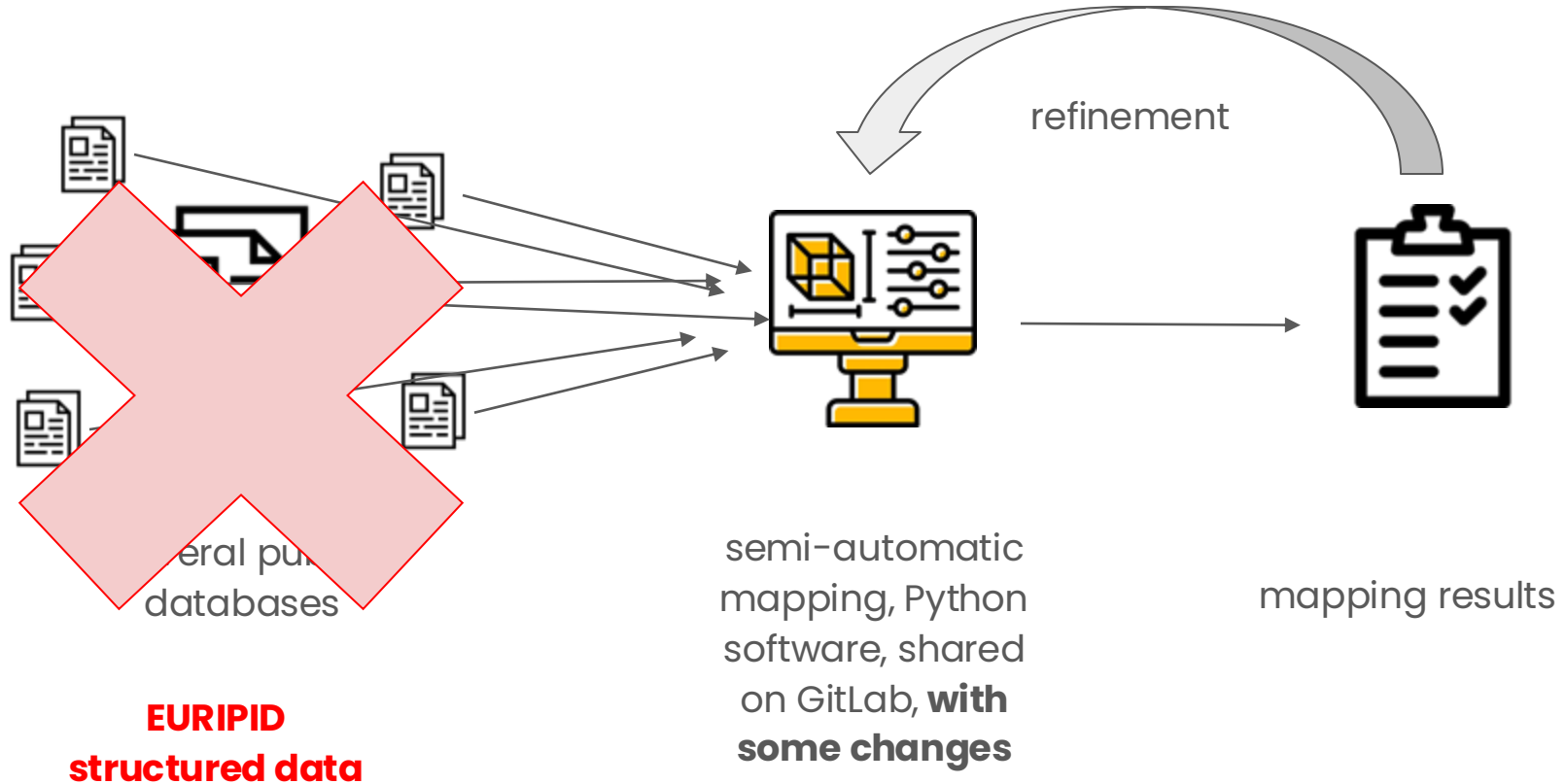
EURIPID - database structure

| No | Product code ↑↓ | Country ↑↓ | Brand ↑↓ | Product name latest version ↑↓ | Package latest version ↑↓ | Dosage form ↑↓ |
|----|-----------------|---|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | 210184379 |  Hungary | intaxel | intaxel 30 mg/5 ml injekció | 1x5 ml | concentrate for solution for inf |
| 2 | 210184361 |  Hungary | intaxel | intaxel 100 mg/17 ml injekció | 1x17 ml | concentrate for solution for inf |
| 3 | 210141630 |  Hungary | synercid | synercid por oldatos infúzióhoz | 1x | powder for solution for infusion |

| Dosage form Group ↑↓ | ATC ↑↓ | RoA ↑↓ | INN & strength ↑↓ | Nou ↑↓ | Company latest version ↑↓ |
|-------------------------|---------|------------|--|--------|---------------------------------|
| parenteral, liquid form | L01CD01 | parenteral | paclitaxel 30 mg | 1 | fresenius kabi hungary vegy-, g |
| parenteral, liquid form | L01CD01 | parenteral | paclitaxel 100 mg | 1 | fresenius kabi hungary vegy-, g |
| parenteral, liquid form | J01FG02 | parenteral | dalfopristin 350 mg; quinupristin 150 mg | 1 | monarch pharmaceuticals irela |
| eye drops | S01GX01 | ocular | cromoglicic acid 20 mg/ml | 10 | santen oy |

→ some changes in the semi-automatic mapping software would be needed

Methods



EURIPID database - participating countries

| | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
|  Albania |  Austria |  Belgium |  Bulgaria |
|  Croatia |  Cyprus |  Czech Republic |  Denmark |
|  Estonia |  Finland |  France |  Greece |
|  Hungary |  Iceland |  Ireland |  Israel |
|  Italy |  Latvia |  Lithuania |  Malta |
|  Netherlands |  Norway |  Poland |  Portugal |
|  Romania |  Slovakia |  Slovenia |  Spain |
|  Sweden |  Switzerland |  United Kingdom | |

If you want to do (/redo) the mapping of drug codes from one of these countries, and you would like to use EURIPID data, please reach out!

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Thank you for your attention!

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References:

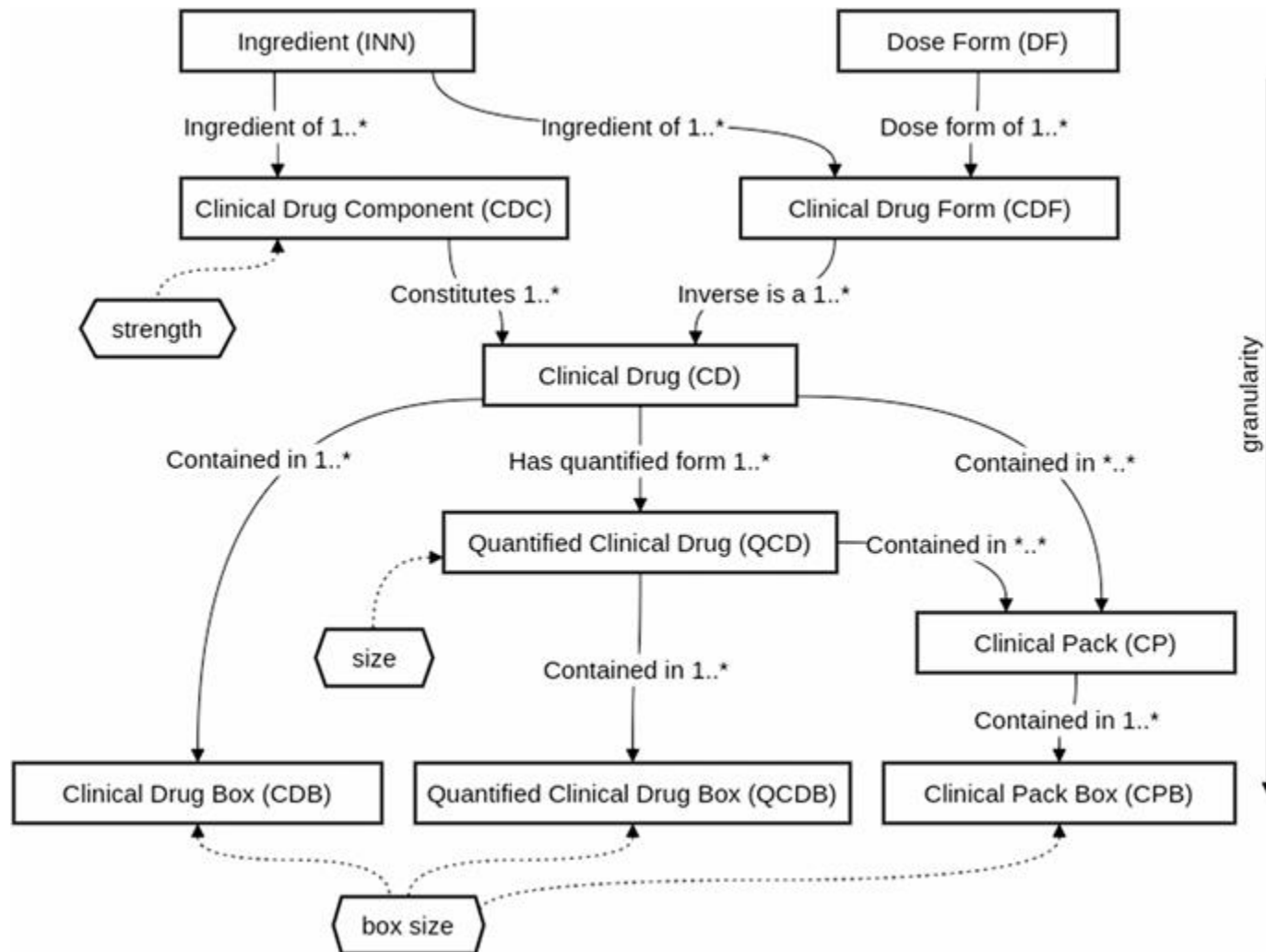
<https://freeicons.io/>

<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1186/s12874-025-02669-0>

<http://euripid.eu/>

Backup slides

RxNorm and Extension



| Name | Content | Notes | Availability |
|---|---|---|---|
| OMOP CTD | Concepts from the Comparative Toxicogenomics Database (CTD) incorporated into OMOP's vocabularies. Concepts use the CAS numbers (Chemical Abstract Service Registry Number) as code | Used to assign CAS numbers via OMOP's "non standard to standard map" relationship to RxNorm and RxNorm Extension concepts of the ingredient concept class. | public – access via Athena [25] |
| OMOP ATC | Concepts from the World Health Organizations (WHO) ATC drug classification system. These concepts are augmented by OMOP with a variety of relationships to RxNorm and RxNorm Extension. | The "ATC – RxNorm pr lat" relationship is used to assign ATC codes to RxNorm and RxNorm Extension concepts of concept class ingredient and precise ingredient. | public – access via Athena [26] |
| Karapetian et al. terminology alignment of RxNorm and EDQM (EDQM–RX) | [27] contains a mapping from RxNorm Dose Forms to EDQM Dose Forms used for drugs described by the European Medicines Agency (EMA) | Used to assign RxN/E dose forms to EU drugs. | public – access via supplementary data in [27] |
| EMA – Product information URLs for member states (EMA–PI) | URLs to product information sheets for drug products recognized by EMA | Product information sheets are available as PDFs; EU drug registration numbers and EDQM dose forms are extracted from them. In combination with information from EDQM–RX, EU drugs can be assigned to RxN/E dose forms. | public – access via EMA website [28] |
| EMA – Substances Management Services (SMS) | Substance names in various European languages | Synonyms and translations of substance names share a common identifier; a preferred name in English language is designated. Used to derive synonyms and translations for ingredients. | public – access via EMA's SPOR website [29] |
| Raw data of substance names (BEZVO) | Substance names required to be used in regulatory affairs in Germany | Contains, among other information, substance names in German language and assigned CAS registry numbers. Mainly used to translate German ingredients and to gather synonyms. | public – access via German Federal Institute for Drugs and Medical Devices [30] |